

# GNU Compiler Collection Internals

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For GCC version 16.0.1 (pre-release)

(GCC)

Richard M. Stallman and the GCC Developer Community

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# 1 Contributing to GCC Development

If you would like to help pretest GCC releases to assure they work well, current development sources are available via Git (see <https://gcc.gnu.org/git.html>). Source and binary snapshots are also available for FTP; see <https://gcc.gnu.org/snapshots.html>.

If you would like to work on improvements to GCC, please read the advice at these URLs:

<https://gcc.gnu.org/contribute.html>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/contributewhy.html>

for information on how to make useful contributions and avoid duplication of effort. Suggested projects are listed at <https://gcc.gnu.org/projects/>.



## 2 GCC and Portability

GCC itself aims to be portable to any machine where `int` is at least a 32-bit type. It aims to target machines with a flat (non-segmented) byte addressed data address space (the code address space can be separate). Target ABIs may have 8, 16, 32 or 64-bit `int` type. `char` can be wider than 8 bits.

GCC gets most of the information about the target machine from a machine description which gives an algebraic formula for each of the machine's instructions. This is a very clean way to describe the target. But when the compiler needs information that is difficult to express in this fashion, ad-hoc parameters have been defined for machine descriptions. The purpose of portability is to reduce the total work needed on the compiler; it was not of interest for its own sake.

GCC does not contain machine dependent code, but it does contain code that depends on machine parameters such as endianness (whether the most significant byte has the highest or lowest address of the bytes in a word) and the availability of autoincrement addressing. In the RTL-generation pass, it is often necessary to have multiple strategies for generating code for a particular kind of syntax tree, strategies that are usable for different combinations of parameters. Often, not all possible cases have been addressed, but only the common ones or only the ones that have been encountered. As a result, a new target may require additional strategies. You will know if this happens because the compiler will call `abort`. Fortunately, the new strategies can be added in a machine-independent fashion, and will affect only the target machines that need them.



## 3 The GCC low-level runtime library

GCC provides a low-level runtime library, `libgcc.a` or `libgcc_s.so.1` on some platforms. GCC generates calls to routines in this library automatically, whenever it needs to perform some operation that is too complicated to emit inline code for.

Most of the routines in `libgcc` handle arithmetic operations that the target processor cannot perform directly. This includes integer multiply and divide on some machines, and all floating-point and fixed-point operations on other machines. `libgcc` also includes routines for exception handling, and a handful of miscellaneous operations.

Some of these routines can be defined in mostly machine-independent C. Others must be hand-written in assembly language for each processor that needs them.

GCC will also generate calls to C library routines, such as `memcpy` and `memset`, in some cases. The set of routines that GCC may possibly use is documented in Section “Other Builtins” in *Using the GNU Compiler Collection (GCC)*.

These routines take arguments and return values of a specific machine mode, not a specific C type. See Section 13.6 [Machine Modes], page 295, for an explanation of this concept. For illustrative purposes, in this chapter the floating point type `float` is assumed to correspond to `SFmode`; `double` to `DFmode`; and `long double` to both `TFmode` and `XFmode`. Similarly, the integer types `int` and `unsigned int` correspond to `SImode`; `long` and `unsigned long` to `DImode`; and `long long` and `unsigned long long` to `TImode`.

### 3.1 Routines for integer arithmetic

The integer arithmetic routines are used on platforms that don’t provide hardware support for arithmetic operations on some modes.

#### 3.1.1 Arithmetic functions

<code>int __ashlsi3 (int a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __ashldi3 (long a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __ashlti3 (long long a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the result of shifting *a* left by *b* bits.

<code>int __ashrsi3 (int a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __ashrdi3 (long a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __ashrti3 (long long a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the result of arithmetically shifting *a* right by *b* bits.

<code>int __divsi3 (int a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __divdi3 (long a, long b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __divti3 (long long a, long long b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the quotient of the signed division of *a* and *b*.

<code>int __lshrsi3 (int a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __lshrdi3 (long a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __lshrti3 (long long a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the result of logically shifting *a* right by *b* bits.

```
int __modsi3 (int a, int b) [Runtime Function]
long __moddi3 (long a, long b) [Runtime Function]
long long __modti3 (long long a, long long b) [Runtime Function]
```

These functions return the remainder of the signed division of *a* and *b*.

```
int __mulsi3 (int a, int b) [Runtime Function]
long __muldi3 (long a, long b) [Runtime Function]
long long __multi3 (long long a, long long b) [Runtime Function]
```

These functions return the product of *a* and *b*.

```
long __negdi2 (long a) [Runtime Function]
long long __negti2 (long long a) [Runtime Function]
```

These functions return the negation of *a*.

```
unsigned int __udivsi3 (unsigned int a, unsigned [Runtime Function]
                        int b)
unsigned long __udivdi3 (unsigned long a, unsigned [Runtime Function]
                        long b)
unsigned long long __udivti3 (unsigned long long a, [Runtime Function]
                             unsigned long long b)
```

These functions return the quotient of the unsigned division of *a* and *b*.

```
unsigned long __udivmoddi4 (unsigned long a, [Runtime Function]
                           unsigned long b, unsigned long *c)
unsigned long long __udivmodti4 (unsigned long long [Runtime Function]
                                a, unsigned long long b, unsigned long long *c)
```

These functions calculate both the quotient and remainder of the unsigned division of *a* and *b*. The return value is the quotient, and the remainder is placed in variable pointed to by *c*.

```
unsigned int __umodsi3 (unsigned int a, unsigned [Runtime Function]
                       int b)
unsigned long __umoddi3 (unsigned long a, unsigned [Runtime Function]
                       long b)
unsigned long long __umodti3 (unsigned long long a, [Runtime Function]
                             unsigned long long b)
```

These functions return the remainder of the unsigned division of *a* and *b*.

### 3.1.2 Comparison functions

The following functions implement integral comparisons. These functions implement a low-level compare, upon which the higher level comparison operators (such as less than and greater than or equal to) can be constructed. The returned values lie in the range zero to two, to allow the high-level operators to be implemented by testing the returned result using either signed or unsigned comparison.

```
int __cmpdi2 (long a, long b) [Runtime Function]
int __cmpti2 (long long a, long long b) [Runtime Function]
```

These functions perform a signed comparison of *a* and *b*. If *a* is less than *b*, they return 0; if *a* is greater than *b*, they return 2; and if *a* and *b* are equal they return 1.

```
int __ucmpdi2 (unsigned long a, unsigned long b)      [Runtime Function]
int __ucmpti2 (unsigned long long a, unsigned long   [Runtime Function]
               long b)
```

These functions perform an unsigned comparison of *a* and *b*. If *a* is less than *b*, they return 0; if *a* is greater than *b*, they return 2; and if *a* and *b* are equal they return 1.

### 3.1.3 Trapping arithmetic functions

The following functions implement trapping arithmetic. These functions call the libc function `abort` upon signed arithmetic overflow.

```
int __absvsi2 (int a)                                [Runtime Function]
long __absvdi2 (long a)                              [Runtime Function]
```

These functions return the absolute value of *a*.

```
int __addvsi3 (int a, int b)                          [Runtime Function]
long __addvdi3 (long a, long b)                      [Runtime Function]
```

These functions return the sum of *a* and *b*; that is *a* + *b*.

```
int __mulvsi3 (int a, int b)                          [Runtime Function]
long __mulvdi3 (long a, long b)                      [Runtime Function]
```

The functions return the product of *a* and *b*; that is *a* \* *b*.

```
int __negvsi2 (int a)                                [Runtime Function]
long __negvdi2 (long a)                              [Runtime Function]
```

These functions return the negation of *a*; that is -*a*.

```
int __subvsi3 (int a, int b)                          [Runtime Function]
long __subvdi3 (long a, long b)                      [Runtime Function]
```

These functions return the difference between *b* and *a*; that is *a* - *b*.

### 3.1.4 Bit operations

```
int __clzsi2 (unsigned int a)                        [Runtime Function]
int __clzdi2 (unsigned long a)                      [Runtime Function]
int __clzti2 (unsigned long long a)                 [Runtime Function]
```

These functions return the number of leading 0-bits in *a*, starting at the most significant bit position. If *a* is zero, the result is undefined.

```
int __ctzsi2 (unsigned int a)                        [Runtime Function]
int __ctzdi2 (unsigned long a)                      [Runtime Function]
int __ctzti2 (unsigned long long a)                 [Runtime Function]
```

These functions return the number of trailing 0-bits in *a*, starting at the least significant bit position. If *a* is zero, the result is undefined.

```
int __ffsdi2 (unsigned long a)                      [Runtime Function]
int __ffsti2 (unsigned long long a)                 [Runtime Function]
```

These functions return the index of the least significant 1-bit in *a*, or the value zero if *a* is zero. The least significant bit is index one.

```
int __paritysi2 (unsigned int a) [Runtime Function]
int __paritydi2 (unsigned long a) [Runtime Function]
int __parityti2 (unsigned long long a) [Runtime Function]
```

These functions return the value zero if the number of bits set in *a* is even, and the value one otherwise.

```
int __popcountsi2 (unsigned int a) [Runtime Function]
int __popcountdi2 (unsigned long a) [Runtime Function]
int __popcountti2 (unsigned long long a) [Runtime Function]
```

These functions return the number of bits set in *a*.

```
int32_t __bswapsi2 (int32_t a) [Runtime Function]
int64_t __bswapdi2 (int64_t a) [Runtime Function]
```

These functions return the *a* byteswapped.

### 3.1.5 Bit-precise integer arithmetic functions

`_BitInt(n)` library functions operate on arrays of limbs, where each limb has `__LIBGCC_BITINT_LIMB_WIDTH__` bits and the limbs are ordered according to `__LIBGCC_BITINT_ORDER__` ordering. The most significant limb if *n* is not divisible by `__LIBGCC_BITINT_LIMB_WIDTH__` contains padding bits which should be ignored on read (sign or zero extended), but extended on write. For the library functions, all bit-precise integers regardless of *n* are represented like that, even when the target ABI says that for some small *n* they should be represented differently in memory. A pointer to the array of limbs argument is always accompanied with a bit size argument. If that argument is positive, it is number of bits and the number is assumed to be zero-extended to infinite precision, if that argument is negative, it is negated number of bits above which all bits are assumed to be sign-extended to infinite precision. These number of bits arguments don't need to match actual *n* for the operation used in the source, they could be lowered because of sign or zero extensions on the input or because value-range optimization figures value will need certain lower number of bits. For big-endian ordering of limbs, when lowering the bit size argument the pointer argument needs to be adjusted as well. Negative bit size argument should be always smaller or equal to -2, because `signed _BitInt(1)` is not valid. For output arguments, either the corresponding bit size argument should be always positive (for multiplication and division), or is negative when the output of conversion from floating-point value is signed and positive when unsigned. The arrays of limbs output arguments point to should not overlap any inputs, while input arrays of limbs can overlap. `UBILtype` below stands for unsigned integer type with `__LIBGCC_BITINT_LIMB_WIDTH__` bit precision.

```
void __mulbitint3 (UBILtype *ret, int32_t retprec, [Runtime Function]
                  const UBILtype *u, int32_t uprec, const UBILtype *v, int32_t
                  vprec)
```

This function multiplies bit-precise integer operands *u* and *v* and stores result into *retprec* precision bit-precise integer result *ret*.

```
void __divmodbitint4 (UBILtype *q, int32_t qprec, [Runtime Function]
                     UBILtype *r, int32_t rprec, const UBILtype *u, int32_t
                     uprec, const UBILtype *v, int32_t vprec)
```

This function divides bit-precise integer operands *u* and *v* and stores quotient into *qprec* precision bit-precise integer result *q* (unless *q* is NULL and *qprec* is 0, in that

case quotient is not stored anywhere) and remainder into *rprec* precision bit-precise integer result *r* (similarly, unless *r* is NULL and *rprec* is 0).

## 3.2 Routines for floating point emulation

The software floating point library is used on machines which do not have hardware support for floating point. It is also used whenever `-msoft-float` is used to disable generation of floating point instructions. (Not all targets support this switch.)

For compatibility with other compilers, the floating point emulation routines can be renamed with the `DECLARE_LIBRARY_RENAMES` macro (see Section 17.12 [Library Calls], page 614). In this section, the default names are used.

Presently the library does not support `XFmode`, which is used for `long double` on some architectures.

### 3.2.1 Arithmetic functions

<code>float __addsf3 (float a, float b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __adddf3 (double a, double b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __addtff3 (long double a, long double b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __addxf3 (long double a, long double b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the sum of *a* and *b*.

<code>float __subsf3 (float a, float b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __subdf3 (double a, double b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __subtff3 (long double a, long double b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __subxf3 (long double a, long double b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the difference between *b* and *a*; that is,  $a - b$ .

<code>float __mulsf3 (float a, float b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __muldf3 (double a, double b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __multff3 (long double a, long double b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __mulxf3 (long double a, long double b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the product of *a* and *b*.

<code>float __divsf3 (float a, float b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __divdf3 (double a, double b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __divtff3 (long double a, long double b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __divxf3 (long double a, long double b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the quotient of *a* and *b*; that is,  $a/b$ .

<code>float __negsf2 (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __negdf2 (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __negtff2 (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __negxf2 (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the negation of *a*. They simply flip the sign bit, so they can produce negative zero and negative NaN.

### 3.2.2 Conversion functions

<code>double __extendsfdf2 (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __extendsftf2 (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __extendsfdf2 (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __extenddftf2 (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __extenddfxf2 (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions extend *a* to the wider mode of their return type.

<code>double __truncxfdf2 (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __trunctfdf2 (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __truncxfsf2 (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __trunctfsf2 (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __truncdfs2 (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions truncate *a* to the narrower mode of their return type, rounding toward zero.

<code>int __fixsfsi (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fixdfsi (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fixtfsi (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fixxfsi (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert *a* to a signed integer, rounding toward zero.

<code>long __fixsfdi (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fixdfd2 (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fixtfdi (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fixxfdi (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert *a* to a signed long, rounding toward zero.

<code>long long __fixsfti (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fixdfti (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fixtfti (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fixxfti (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert *a* to a signed long long, rounding toward zero.

<code>unsigned int __fixunssfsi (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fixunsdfsi (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fixunstfsi (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fixunsxfsi (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert *a* to an unsigned integer, rounding toward zero. Negative values all become zero.

<code>unsigned long __fixunssfdi (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fixunsdfd2 (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fixunstfdi (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fixunsxfdi (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert *a* to an unsigned long, rounding toward zero. Negative values all become zero.

<code>unsigned long long __fixunssfti (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fixunsdfti (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fixunstfti (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fixunsxfti (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert *a* to an unsigned long long, rounding toward zero. Negative values all become zero.

<code>float __floatsisf (int i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __floatsidf (int i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __floatsitf (int i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __floatsixf (int i)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert *i*, a signed integer, to floating point.

<code>float __floatdisf (long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __floatdidf (long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __floatditf (long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __floatdixf (long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert *i*, a signed long, to floating point.

<code>float __floattisf (long long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __floattidf (long long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __floattitf (long long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __floattixf (long long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert *i*, a signed long long, to floating point.

<code>float __floatunsisf (unsigned int i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __floatunsidf (unsigned int i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __floatunsitf (unsigned int i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __floatunsixf (unsigned int i)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert *i*, an unsigned integer, to floating point.

<code>float __floatundisf (unsigned long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __floatundidf (unsigned long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __floatunditf (unsigned long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __floatundixf (unsigned long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert *i*, an unsigned long, to floating point.

<code>float __floatuntisf (unsigned long long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __floatuntidf (unsigned long long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __floatuntitf (unsigned long long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __floatuntixf (unsigned long long i)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert *i*, an unsigned long long, to floating point.

<code>void __fixsfbtint (UBILtype *r, int32_t rprec, float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>void __fixdfbtint (UBILtype *r, int32_t rprec, double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>void __fixxfbtint (UBILtype *r, int32_t rprec, __float80 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

`void __fixtftoint (UBILtype *r, int32_t rprec, [Runtime Function]  
_Float128 a)`

These functions convert *a* to bit-precise integer *r*, rounding toward zero. If *rprec* is positive, it converts to unsigned bit-precise integer and negative values all become zero, if *rprec* is negative, it converts to signed bit-precise integer.

`float __floatbitintsf (UBILtype *i, int32_t iprec) [Runtime Function]`

`double __floatbitintdf (UBILtype *i, int32_t iprec) [Runtime Function]`

`__float80 __floatbitintxf (UBILtype *i, int32_t  
iprec) [Runtime Function]`

`_Float128 __floatbitinttf (UBILtype *i, int32_t  
iprec) [Runtime Function]`

`_Float16 __floatbitinthf (UBILtype *i, int32_t  
iprec) [Runtime Function]`

`__bf16 __floatbitintbf (UBILtype *i, int32_t iprec) [Runtime Function]`

These functions convert bit-precise integer *i* to floating point. If *iprec* is positive, it is conversion from unsigned bit-precise integer, otherwise from signed bit-precise integer.

### 3.2.3 Comparison functions

There are two sets of basic comparison functions.

`CMPTtype __cmpsf2 (float a, float b) [Runtime Function]`

`CMPTtype __cmpdf2 (double a, double b) [Runtime Function]`

`CMPTtype __cmptf2 (long double a, long double b) [Runtime Function]`

These functions calculate  $a \leq b$ . That is, if *a* is less than *b*, they return  $-1$ ; if *a* is greater than *b*, they return  $1$ ; and if *a* and *b* are equal they return  $0$ . If either argument is NaN they return  $1$ , but you should not rely on this; if NaN is a possibility, use one of the higher-level comparison functions.

`CMPTtype __unordsf2 (float a, float b) [Runtime Function]`

`CMPTtype __unorddf2 (double a, double b) [Runtime Function]`

`CMPTtype __unordtf2 (long double a, long double b) [Runtime Function]`

These functions return a nonzero value if either argument is NaN, otherwise  $0$ .

There is also a complete group of higher level functions which correspond directly to comparison operators. They implement the ISO C semantics for floating-point comparisons, taking NaN into account. Pay careful attention to the return values defined for each set. Under the hood, all of these routines are implemented as

```
if (__unordXf2 (a, b))
    return E;
return __cmpXf2 (a, b);
```

where *E* is a constant chosen to give the proper behavior for NaN. Thus, the meaning of the return value is different for each set. Do not rely on this implementation; only the semantics documented below are guaranteed.

`CMPTtype __eqsf2 (float a, float b) [Runtime Function]`

`CMPTtype __eqdf2 (double a, double b) [Runtime Function]`

`CMPTtype __eqtf2 (long double a, long double b) [Runtime Function]`

These functions return zero if neither argument is NaN, and *a* and *b* are equal.

`CMPTtype __nesf2 (float a, float b)` [Runtime Function]  
`CMPTtype __nedf2 (double a, double b)` [Runtime Function]  
`CMPTtype __netf2 (long double a, long double b)` [Runtime Function]

These functions return a nonzero value if either argument is NaN, or if *a* and *b* are unequal.

`CMPTtype __gesf2 (float a, float b)` [Runtime Function]  
`CMPTtype __gedf2 (double a, double b)` [Runtime Function]  
`CMPTtype __getf2 (long double a, long double b)` [Runtime Function]

These functions return a value greater than or equal to zero if neither argument is NaN, and *a* is greater than or equal to *b*.

`CMPTtype __ltsf2 (float a, float b)` [Runtime Function]  
`CMPTtype __ltdf2 (double a, double b)` [Runtime Function]  
`CMPTtype __lttf2 (long double a, long double b)` [Runtime Function]

These functions return a value less than zero if neither argument is NaN, and *a* is strictly less than *b*.

`CMPTtype __lesf2 (float a, float b)` [Runtime Function]  
`CMPTtype __ledf2 (double a, double b)` [Runtime Function]  
`CMPTtype __letf2 (long double a, long double b)` [Runtime Function]

These functions return a value less than or equal to zero if neither argument is NaN, and *a* is less than or equal to *b*.

`CMPTtype __gtsf2 (float a, float b)` [Runtime Function]  
`CMPTtype __gtdf2 (double a, double b)` [Runtime Function]  
`CMPTtype __gttf2 (long double a, long double b)` [Runtime Function]

These functions return a value greater than zero if neither argument is NaN, and *a* is strictly greater than *b*.

Comparison functions return a `CMPTtype` which is a signed integer of target-dependent size. Typically `CMPTtype` will be word-sized, but other backends may override this with the `TARGET_LIBGCC_CMP_RETURN_MODE` hook. Of note, AArch64 uses an single-int as the return type, and AVR uses a quarter-int.

### 3.2.4 Other floating-point functions

`float __powisf2 (float a, int b)` [Runtime Function]  
`double __powidf2 (double a, int b)` [Runtime Function]  
`long double __powitf2 (long double a, int b)` [Runtime Function]  
`long double __powixf2 (long double a, int b)` [Runtime Function]

These functions convert raise *a* to the power *b*.

`complex float __mulsc3 (float a, float b, float c, float d)` [Runtime Function]  
`complex double __muldc3 (double a, double b, double c, double d)` [Runtime Function]  
`complex long double __multc3 (long double a, long double b, long double c, long double d)` [Runtime Function]

`complex long double __mulxc3 (long double a, long double b, long double c, long double d)` [Runtime Function]

These functions return the product of  $a + ib$  and  $c + id$ , following the rules of C99 Annex G.

`complex float __divsc3 (float a, float b, float c, float d)` [Runtime Function]

`complex double __divdc3 (double a, double b, double c, double d)` [Runtime Function]

`complex long double __divtc3 (long double a, long double b, long double c, long double d)` [Runtime Function]

`complex long double __divxc3 (long double a, long double b, long double c, long double d)` [Runtime Function]

These functions return the quotient of  $a + ib$  and  $c + id$  (i.e.,  $(a + ib)/(c + id)$ ), following the rules of C99 Annex G.

### 3.3 Routines for decimal floating point emulation

The software decimal floating point library implements IEEE 754-2008 decimal floating point arithmetic and is only activated on selected targets.

The software decimal floating point library supports either DPD (Densely Packed Decimal) or BID (Binary Integer Decimal) encoding as selected at configure time.

#### 3.3.1 Arithmetic functions

`_Decimal32 __dpd_addsd3 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal32 __bid_addsd3 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal64 __dpd_addddd3 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal64 __bid_addddd3 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal128 __dpd_addtd3 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal128 __bid_addtd3 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)` [Runtime Function]

These functions return the sum of  $a$  and  $b$ .

`_Decimal32 __dpd_subsd3 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal32 __bid_subsd3 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal64 __dpd_subddd3 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal64 __bid_subddd3 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal128 __dpd_subtd3 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal128 __bid_subtd3 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)` [Runtime Function]

These functions return the difference between  $b$  and  $a$ ; that is,  $a - b$ .

`_Decimal32 __dpd_mulsd3 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal32 __bid_mulsd3 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal64 __dpd_muldd3 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal64 __bid_muldd3 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal128 __dpd_multd3 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal128 __bid_multd3 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)` [Runtime Function]

These functions return the product of  $a$  and  $b$ .

`_Decimal32 __dpd_divsd3 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal32 __bid_divsd3 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal64 __dpd_divdd3 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal64 __bid_divdd3 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal128 __dpd_divtd3 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal128 __bid_divtd3 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)` [Runtime Function]

These functions return the quotient of  $a$  and  $b$ ; that is,  $a/b$ .

`_Decimal32 __dpd_negsd2 (_Decimal32 a)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal32 __bid_negsd2 (_Decimal32 a)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal64 __dpd_negdd2 (_Decimal64 a)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal64 __bid_negdd2 (_Decimal64 a)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal128 __dpd_negtd2 (_Decimal128 a)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal128 __bid_negtd2 (_Decimal128 a)` [Runtime Function]

These functions return the negation of  $a$ . They simply flip the sign bit, so they can produce negative zero and negative NaN.

### 3.3.2 Conversion functions

`_Decimal64 __dpd_extendsddd2 (_Decimal32 a)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal64 __bid_extendsddd2 (_Decimal32 a)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal128 __dpd_extendsdtd2 (_Decimal32 a)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal128 __bid_extendsdtd2 (_Decimal32 a)` [Runtime Function]

`_Decimal128 __dpd_extendddtd2 (_Decimal64 a)` [Runtime Function]

<code>_Decimal128 __bid_extenddtd2 (_Decimal64 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal32 __dpd_truncddsd2 (_Decimal64 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal32 __bid_truncddsd2 (_Decimal64 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal32 __dpd_trunctdsd2 (_Decimal128 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal32 __bid_trunctdsd2 (_Decimal128 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal64 __dpd_trunctddd2 (_Decimal128 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal64 __bid_trunctddd2 (_Decimal128 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert the value *a* from one decimal floating type to another.

<code>_Decimal64 __dpd_extendsfdd (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal64 __bid_extendsfdd (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal128 __dpd_extendsfdd (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal128 __bid_extendsfdd (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal128 __dpd_extenddfdd (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal128 __bid_extenddfdd (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal128 __dpd_extenddfdd (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal128 __bid_extenddfdd (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal32 __dpd_truncdfsd (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal32 __bid_truncdfsd (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal32 __dpd_truncxfsd (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal32 __bid_truncxfsd (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal32 __dpd_trunctfsd (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal32 __bid_trunctfsd (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal64 __dpd_truncxfdd (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal64 __bid_truncxfdd (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal64 __dpd_trunctfdd (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>_Decimal64 __bid_trunctfdd (long double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert the value of *a* from a binary floating type to a decimal floating type of a different size.

<code>float __dpd_truncddsf (_Decimal64 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __bid_truncddsf (_Decimal64 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __dpd_trunctdsf (_Decimal128 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __bid_trunctdsf (_Decimal128 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __dpd_extendsddf (_Decimal32 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __bid_extendsddf (_Decimal32 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __dpd_trunctddf (_Decimal128 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __bid_trunctddf (_Decimal128 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __dpd_extendsdxf (_Decimal32 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __bid_extendsdxf (_Decimal32 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __dpd_extenddxf (_Decimal64 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __bid_extenddxf (_Decimal64 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __dpd_trunctdxf (_Decimal128 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __bid_trunctdxf (_Decimal128 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __dpd_extendsdtf (_Decimal32 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __bid_extendsdtf (_Decimal32 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long double __dpd_extendddtf (_Decimal64 a)</code>	[Runtime Function]





```

_Decimal32 __bid_floatbitintsd (UBILtype *i,           [Runtime Function]
    int32_t iprec)
_Decimal64 __bid_floatbitintdd (UBILtype *i,           [Runtime Function]
    int32_t iprec)
_Decimal128 __bid_floatbitinttd (UBILtype *i,          [Runtime Function]
    int32_t iprec)

```

These functions convert bit-precise integer *i* to decimal floating point. If *iprec* is positive, it is conversion from unsigned bit-precise integer, otherwise from signed bit-precise integer. So far implemented for BID format only.

### 3.3.3 Comparison functions

```

int __dpd_unordsd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)        [Runtime Function]
int __bid_unordsd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)        [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_unordddd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)       [Runtime Function]
int __bid_unordddd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)       [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_unordtd2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)     [Runtime Function]
int __bid_unordtd2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)     [Runtime Function]

```

These functions return a nonzero value if either argument is NaN, otherwise 0.

There is also a complete group of higher level functions which correspond directly to comparison operators. They implement the ISO C semantics for floating-point comparisons, taking NaN into account. Pay careful attention to the return values defined for each set. Under the hood, all of these routines are implemented as

```

if (__bid_unordXd2 (a, b))
    return E;
return __bid_cmpXd2 (a, b);

```

where *E* is a constant chosen to give the proper behavior for NaN. Thus, the meaning of the return value is different for each set. Do not rely on this implementation; only the semantics documented below are guaranteed.

```

int __dpd_eqsd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __bid_eqsd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_eqdd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)          [Runtime Function]
int __bid_eqdd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)          [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_eqtd2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)        [Runtime Function]
int __bid_eqtd2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)        [Runtime Function]

```

These functions return zero if neither argument is NaN, and *a* and *b* are equal.

```

int __dpd_nesd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __bid_nesd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_nedd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)          [Runtime Function]
int __bid_nedd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)          [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_netd2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)        [Runtime Function]
int __bid_netd2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)        [Runtime Function]

```

These functions return a nonzero value if either argument is NaN, or if *a* and *b* are unequal.

```

int __dpd_gesd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __bid_gesd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_gedd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __bid_gedd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_getd2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)         [Runtime Function]
int __bid_getd2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)         [Runtime Function]

```

These functions return a value greater than or equal to zero if neither argument is NaN, and *a* is greater than or equal to *b*.

```

int __dpd_ltsd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __bid_ltsd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_ltdd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __bid_ltdd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_ltt2d2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)        [Runtime Function]
int __bid_ltt2d2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)        [Runtime Function]

```

These functions return a value less than zero if neither argument is NaN, and *a* is strictly less than *b*.

```

int __dpd_lesd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __bid_lesd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_ledd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __bid_ledd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_letd2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)         [Runtime Function]
int __bid_letd2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)         [Runtime Function]

```

These functions return a value less than or equal to zero if neither argument is NaN, and *a* is less than or equal to *b*.

```

int __dpd_gtsd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __bid_gtsd2 (_Decimal32 a, _Decimal32 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_gtdd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __bid_gtdd2 (_Decimal64 a, _Decimal64 b)           [Runtime Function]
int __dpd_gtt2d2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)        [Runtime Function]
int __bid_gtt2d2 (_Decimal128 a, _Decimal128 b)        [Runtime Function]

```

These functions return a value greater than zero if neither argument is NaN, and *a* is strictly greater than *b*.

### 3.4 Routines for fixed-point fractional emulation

The software fixed-point library implements fixed-point fractional arithmetic, and is only activated on selected targets.

For ease of comprehension `fract` is an alias for the `_Fract` type, `accum` an alias for `_Accum`, and `sat` an alias for `_Sat`.

For illustrative purposes, in this section the fixed-point fractional type `short fract` is assumed to correspond to machine mode `QQmode`; unsigned `short fract` to `UQQmode`; `fract` to `HQmode`; unsigned `fract` to `UHQmode`; long `fract` to `SQmode`; unsigned long `fract` to `USQmode`; long long `fract` to `DQmode`; and unsigned long long `fract` to `UDQmode`. Similarly the fixed-point accumulator type `short accum` corresponds to `HAmode`; unsigned `short accum` to `UHAMode`; `accum` to `SAmode`; unsigned `accum` to `USAmode`;

long accum to DAmode; unsigned long accum to UDAmode; long long accum to TAmode; and unsigned long long accum to UTAmode.

### 3.4.1 Arithmetic functions

short fract __addqq3 (short fract a, short fract b)	[Runtime Function]
fract __addhq3 (fract a, fract b)	[Runtime Function]
long fract __addsqq3 (long fract a, long fract b)	[Runtime Function]
long long fract __addddq3 (long long fract a, long long fract b)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short fract __adduqq3 (unsigned short fract a, unsigned short fract b)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned fract __adduhq3 (unsigned fract a, unsigned fract b)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long fract __addusq3 (unsigned long fract a, unsigned long fract b)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long fract __addudq3 (unsigned long long fract a, unsigned long long fract b)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __addha3 (short accum a, short accum b)	[Runtime Function]
accum __addsa3 (accum a, accum b)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __addda3 (long accum a, long accum b)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __addta3 (long long accum a, long long accum b)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short accum __adduha3 (unsigned short accum a, unsigned short accum b)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned accum __addusa3 (unsigned accum a, unsigned accum b)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long accum __adduda3 (unsigned long accum a, unsigned long accum b)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long accum __adduta3 (unsigned long long accum a, unsigned long long accum b)	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the sum of *a* and *b*.

short fract __ssaddqq3 (short fract a, short fract b)	[Runtime Function]
fract __ssaddhq3 (fract a, fract b)	[Runtime Function]
long fract __ssaddsqq3 (long fract a, long fract b)	[Runtime Function]
long long fract __ssaddddq3 (long long fract a, long long fract b)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __ssaddha3 (short accum a, short accum b)	[Runtime Function]
accum __ssaddsa3 (accum a, accum b)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __ssaddda3 (long accum a, long accum b)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __ssaddta3 (long long accum a, long long accum b)	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the sum of *a* and *b* with signed saturation.

<code>unsigned short fract __usadduqq3 (unsigned short fract a, unsigned short fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __usadduhq3 (unsigned fract a, unsigned fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __usaddusq3 (unsigned long fract a, unsigned long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __usaddudq3 (unsigned long long fract a, unsigned long long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __usadduha3 (unsigned short accum a, unsigned short accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __usaddusa3 (unsigned accum a, unsigned accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __usadduda3 (unsigned long accum a, unsigned long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __usadduta3 (unsigned long long accum a, unsigned long long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the sum of *a* and *b* with unsigned saturation.

<code>short fract __subqq3 (short fract a, short fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __subhq3 (fract a, fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __subsq3 (long fract a, long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __subdq3 (long long fract a, long long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __subuqq3 (unsigned short fract a, unsigned short fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __subuhq3 (unsigned fract a, unsigned fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __subusq3 (unsigned long fract a, unsigned long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __subudq3 (unsigned long long fract a, unsigned long long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __subha3 (short accum a, short accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __subsa3 (accum a, accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __subda3 (long accum a, long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __subta3 (long long accum a, long long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __subuha3 (unsigned short accum a, unsigned short accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __subusa3 (unsigned accum a, unsigned accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __subuda3 (unsigned long accum a, unsigned long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __subuta3 (unsigned long long accum a, unsigned long long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the difference of *a* and *b*; that is, *a* - *b*.

<code>short fract __sssubqq3 (short fract a, short fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __sssubhq3 (fract a, fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __sssubsq3 (long fract a, long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __sssubdq3 (long long fract a, long long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __sssubha3 (short accum a, short accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __sssubsa3 (accum a, accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __sssubda3 (long accum a, long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __sssubta3 (long long accum a, long long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the difference of *a* and *b* with signed saturation; that is, *a* - *b*.

<code>unsigned short fract __ussubuqq3 (unsigned short fract a, unsigned short fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __ussubhq3 (unsigned fract a, unsigned fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __ussubusq3 (unsigned long fract a, unsigned long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __ussubudq3 (unsigned long long fract a, unsigned long long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __ussubha3 (unsigned short accum a, unsigned short accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __ussubusa3 (unsigned accum a, unsigned accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __ussubuda3 (unsigned long accum a, unsigned long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __ussubuta3 (unsigned long long accum a, unsigned long long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the difference of *a* and *b* with unsigned saturation; that is, *a* - *b*.

<code>short fract __mulqq3 (short fract a, short fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __mulhq3 (fract a, fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __mulsq3 (long fract a, long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __muldq3 (long long fract a, long long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __muluqq3 (unsigned short fract a, unsigned short fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __muluhq3 (unsigned fract a, unsigned fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __mulusq3 (unsigned long fract a, unsigned long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __muludq3 (unsigned long long fract a, unsigned long long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __mulha3 (short accum a, short accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>accum __mulsa3 (accum a, accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __mulda3 (long accum a, long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __multa3 (long long accum a, long long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __muluha3 (unsigned short accum a, unsigned short accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __mulusa3 (unsigned accum a, unsigned accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __muluda3 (unsigned long accum a, unsigned long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __muluta3 (unsigned long long accum a, unsigned long long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the product of *a* and *b*.

<code>short fract __ssmulqq3 (short fract a, short fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __ssmulhq3 (fract a, fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __ssmulsq3 (long fract a, long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __ssmuldq3 (long long fract a, long long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __ssmulha3 (short accum a, short accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __ssmulsa3 (accum a, accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __ssmulda3 (long accum a, long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __ssmulta3 (long long accum a, long long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the product of *a* and *b* with signed saturation.

<code>unsigned short fract __usmuluqq3 (unsigned short fract a, unsigned short fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __usmuluhq3 (unsigned fract a, unsigned fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __usmulusq3 (unsigned long fract a, unsigned long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __usmuludq3 (unsigned long long fract a, unsigned long long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __usmuluha3 (unsigned short accum a, unsigned short accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __usmulusa3 (unsigned accum a, unsigned accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __usmuluda3 (unsigned long accum a, unsigned long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __usmuluta3 (unsigned long long accum a, unsigned long long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the product of *a* and *b* with unsigned saturation.

<code>short fract __divqq3 (short fract a, short fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __divhq3 (fract a, fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>long fract __divsq3 (long fract a, long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __divdq3 (long long fract a, long long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __divha3 (short accum a, short accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __divsa3 (accum a, accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __divda3 (long accum a, long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __divta3 (long long accum a, long long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the quotient of the signed division of *a* and *b*.

<code>unsigned short fract __udivuqq3 (unsigned short fract a, unsigned short fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __udivuhq3 (unsigned fract a, unsigned fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __udivusq3 (unsigned long fract a, unsigned long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __udivudq3 (unsigned long long fract a, unsigned long long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __udivuha3 (unsigned short accum a, unsigned short accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __udivusa3 (unsigned accum a, unsigned accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __udivuda3 (unsigned long accum a, unsigned long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __udivuta3 (unsigned long long accum a, unsigned long long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the quotient of the unsigned division of *a* and *b*.

<code>short fract __ssdivqq3 (short fract a, short fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __ssdivhq3 (fract a, fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __ssdivsq3 (long fract a, long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __ssdivdq3 (long long fract a, long long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __ssdivha3 (short accum a, short accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __ssdivsa3 (accum a, accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __ssdivda3 (long accum a, long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __ssdivta3 (long long accum a, long long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the quotient of the signed division of *a* and *b* with signed saturation.

<code>unsigned short fract __usdivuqq3 (unsigned short fract a, unsigned short fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __usdivuhq3 (unsigned fract a, unsigned fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned long fract __usdivusq3 (unsigned long fract a, unsigned long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __usdivudq3 (unsigned long long fract a, unsigned long long fract b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __usdivuha3 (unsigned short accum a, unsigned short accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __usdivusa3 (unsigned accum a, unsigned accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __usdivuda3 (unsigned long accum a, unsigned long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __usdivuta3 (unsigned long long accum a, unsigned long long accum b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the quotient of the unsigned division of *a* and *b* with unsigned saturation.

<code>short fract __negqq2 (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __neghq2 (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __negsq2 (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __negdq2 (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __neguqq2 (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __neguhq2 (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __negusq2 (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __negudq2 (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __negha2 (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __negsa2 (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __negda2 (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __negta2 (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __neguha2 (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __negusa2 (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __neguda2 (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __neguta2 (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the negation of *a*.

<code>short fract __ssnegqq2 (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __ssneghq2 (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __ssnegsq2 (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __ssnegdq2 (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __ssnegha2 (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __ssnegsa2 (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __ssnegda2 (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __ssnegta2 (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the negation of *a* with signed saturation.

<code>unsigned short fract __usneguqq2 (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __usneguhq2 (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __usnegusq2 (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __usnegudq2 (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __usneguha2 (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __usnegusa2 (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __usneguda2 (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __usneguta2 (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the negation of *a* with unsigned saturation.

<code>short fract __ashlqq3 (short fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __ashlhq3 (fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __ashlsq3 (long fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __ashldq3 (long long fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __ashluqq3 (unsigned short fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __ashluhq3 (unsigned fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __ashlusq3 (unsigned long fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __ashludq3 (unsigned long long fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __ashlha3 (short accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __ashlsa3 (accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __ashlda3 (long accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __ashlta3 (long long accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __ashluha3 (unsigned short accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __ashlusa3 (unsigned accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __ashluda3 (unsigned long accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __ashluta3 (unsigned long long accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the result of shifting *a* left by *b* bits.

<code>short fract __ashrqq3 (short fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __ashrhq3 (fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __ashrsq3 (long fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __ashrdq3 (long long fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __ashrha3 (short accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>accum __ashrsa3 (accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __ashrda3 (long accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __ashrta3 (long long accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the result of arithmetically shifting *a* right by *b* bits.

<code>unsigned short fract __lshruqq3 (unsigned short fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __lshruhq3 (unsigned fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __lshrusq3 (unsigned long fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __lshrudq3 (unsigned long long fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __lshruha3 (unsigned short accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __lshrusa3 (unsigned accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __lshruda3 (unsigned long accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __lshruta3 (unsigned long long accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the result of logically shifting *a* right by *b* bits.

<code>fract __ssashlhq3 (fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __ssashlsq3 (long fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __ssashldq3 (long long fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __ssashlha3 (short accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __ssashlsa3 (accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __ssashlda3 (long accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __ssashlta3 (long long accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions return the result of shifting *a* left by *b* bits with signed saturation.

<code>unsigned short fract __usashluqq3 (unsigned short fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __usashluhq3 (unsigned fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __usashlusq3 (unsigned long fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __usashludq3 (unsigned long long fract a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __usashluha3 (unsigned short accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __usashlusa3 (unsigned accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __usashluda3 (unsigned long accum a, int b)</code>	[Runtime Function]

`unsigned long long accum __usashluta3 (unsigned long long accum a, int b)` [Runtime Function]

These functions return the result of shifting *a* left by *b* bits with unsigned saturation.

### 3.4.2 Comparison functions

The following functions implement fixed-point comparisons. These functions implement a low-level compare, upon which the higher level comparison operators (such as less than and greater than or equal to) can be constructed. The returned values lie in the range zero to two, to allow the high-level operators to be implemented by testing the returned result using either signed or unsigned comparison.

`int __cmpqq2 (short fract a, short fract b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmphq2 (fract a, fract b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmpsq2 (long fract a, long fract b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmpdq2 (long long fract a, long long fract b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmpuqq2 (unsigned short fract a, unsigned short fract b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmpuhq2 (unsigned fract a, unsigned fract b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmpusq2 (unsigned long fract a, unsigned long fract b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmpudq2 (unsigned long long fract a, unsigned long long fract b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmpha2 (short accum a, short accum b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmpsa2 (accum a, accum b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmpda2 (long accum a, long accum b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmpta2 (long long accum a, long long accum b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmpuha2 (unsigned short accum a, unsigned short accum b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmpusa2 (unsigned accum a, unsigned accum b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmpuda2 (unsigned long accum a, unsigned long accum b)` [Runtime Function]  
`int __cmputa2 (unsigned long long accum a, unsigned long long accum b)` [Runtime Function]

These functions perform a signed or unsigned comparison of *a* and *b* (depending on the selected machine mode). If *a* is less than *b*, they return 0; if *a* is greater than *b*, they return 2; and if *a* and *b* are equal they return 1.

### 3.4.3 Conversion functions

`fract __fractqqhq2 (short fract a)` [Runtime Function]  
`long fract __fractqqsq2 (short fract a)` [Runtime Function]  
`long long fract __fractqqdq2 (short fract a)` [Runtime Function]  
`short accum __fractqqha (short fract a)` [Runtime Function]  
`accum __fractqqsa (short fract a)` [Runtime Function]  
`long accum __fractqqda (short fract a)` [Runtime Function]  
`long long accum __fractqqta (short fract a)` [Runtime Function]  
`unsigned short fract __fractqquqq (short fract a)` [Runtime Function]  
`unsigned fract __fractqquhq (short fract a)` [Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned long fract __fractqqusq (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractqqudq (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractqquha (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractqqusa (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractqquda (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractqquta (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fractqqqi (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fractqqhi (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fractqqsi (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fractqqdi (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fractqqti (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fractqqsf (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fractqqdf (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fracthqqq2 (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fracthqsq2 (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fracthqdq2 (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fracthqha (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fracthqsa (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fracthqda (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fracthqta (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fracthquqq (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fracthquhq (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fracthqusq (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fracthqudq (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fracthquha (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fracthquusa (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fracthquda (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fracthquta (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fracthqqi (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fracthqqhi (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fracthqqsi (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fracthqqdi (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fracthqqti (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fracthqqsf (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fracthqqdf (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractsqqq2 (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractsqhq2 (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractsqdq2 (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractsqha (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractsqsa (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractsqda (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractsqta (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractsquqq (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractsquhq (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractsqusq (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned long long fract __fractsqudq (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractsquha (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractsqusa (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractsquda (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractsquta (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fractsqqi (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fractsqhi (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fractsqsi (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fractsqdi (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fractsqti (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fractsqsf (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fractsqdf (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractdqqq2 (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractdqhq2 (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractdqsq2 (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractdqha (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractdqsa (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractdqda (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractdqta (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractdquqq (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractdquhq (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractdqusq (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractdqudq (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractdquha (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractdqusa (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractdquda (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractdquta (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fractdqqi (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fractdqhi (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fractdqsi (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fractdqdi (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fractdqti (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fractdqsf (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fractdqdf (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fracthaqq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fracthahq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fracthasq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fracthadq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fracthasa2 (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>long accum __fracthada2 (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fracthata2 (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fracthauqq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fracthauhq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fracthausq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fracthau dq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fracthauha (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fracthausa (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fracthauda (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fracthauta (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fracthaqi (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fracthahi (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fracthasi (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fracthadi (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fracthati (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fracthasf (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fracthadf (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractsaqq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractsahq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractsasq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractsadq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractsaha2 (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractsada2 (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractsata2 (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractsauqq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractsauhq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractsausq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractsaudq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractsauha (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractsausa (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractsauda (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractsauta (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fractsaqi (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fractsahi (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fractsasi (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fractsadi (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fractsati (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fractsasf (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fractsadf (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractdaqq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractdahq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractdasq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractdadq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractdaha2 (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractdasa2 (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>long long accum __fractdata2 (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractdauqq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractdauhq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractdausq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractdaudq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractdauha (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractdausa (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractdauda (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractdauta (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fractdaqi (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fractdahi (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fractdasi (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fractdadi (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fractdati (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fractdasf (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fractdadf (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fracttaqq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fracttahq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fracttasq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fracttadq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fracttaha2 (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fracttasa2 (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fracttada2 (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fracttauqq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fracttauhq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fracttausq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fracttaudq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fracttauha (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fracttausa (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fracttauda (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fracttauta (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fracttaqi (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fracttahi (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fracttasi (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fracttadi (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fracttati (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fracttasf (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fracttadf (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractuqqqq (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>fract __fractuqqhq (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractuqqsq (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractuqqdq (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractuqqha (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractuqqsa (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractuqqda (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractuqqta (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractuqqhq2 (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractuqqsq2 (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractuqqdq2 (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractuqqha (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractuqqsa (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractuqqda (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractuqqta (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fractuqqqi (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fractuqqhi (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fractuqqsi (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fractuqqdi (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fractuqqti (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fractuqqsf (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fractuqqdf (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractuhqqq (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractuhqhq (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractuhqsq (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractuhqdq (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractuhqha (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractuhqsa (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractuhqda (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractuhqta (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractuhquqq2 (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractuhqusq2 (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractuhqudq2 (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractuhquha (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractuhqusa (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned long accum __fractuhqda (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractuhquta (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fractuhqqi (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fractuhqhi (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fractuhqsi (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fractuhqdi (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fractuhqti (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fractuhqsf (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fractuhqdf (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractusqqq (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractusqhq (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractusqsq (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractusqdq (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractusqha (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractusqsa (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractusqda (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractusqta (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractusquqq2 (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractusquhq2 (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractusqudq2 (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractusquha (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractusqusa (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractusqda (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractusquta (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fractusqqi (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fractusqhi (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fractusqsi (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fractusqdi (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fractusqti (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fractusqsf (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fractusqdf (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractudqqq (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractudqhq (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractudqsq (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>long long fract __fractudqdq (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractudqha (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractudqsa (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractudqda (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractudqta (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractudquqq2 (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractudquhq2 (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractudqusq2 (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractudquha (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractudqusa (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractudquda (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractudquta (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fractudqqi (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fractudqhi (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fractudqsi (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fractudqdi (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fractudqti (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fractudqsf (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fractudqdf (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractuhaqq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractuhahq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractuhasq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractuhadq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractuhaha (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractuhasa (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractuhada (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractuhata (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractuhausqq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractuhausqh (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractuhausq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned long long fract __fractuhaudq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractuhaus2 (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractuhauda2 (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractuhauta2 (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fractuhaqi (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fractuhahi (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fractuhasi (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fractuhadi (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fractuhati (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fractuhasf (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fractuhadf (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractusaq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractusahq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractusasq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractusadq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractusaha (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractusasa (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractusada (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractusata (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractusauq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractusauhq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractusausq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractusaudq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractusauha2 (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractusauda2 (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractusauta2 (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fractusaqi (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fractusahi (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fractusasi (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fractusadi (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fractusati (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fractusasf (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fractusadf (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractudaq (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractudahq (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractudasq (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>long long fract __fractudadq (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractudaha (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractudasa (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractudada (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractudata (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractudauqq (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractudauhq (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractudausq (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractudaudq (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractudauha2 (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractudausa2 (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractudauta2 (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fractudaqi (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fractudahi (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fractudasi (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fractudadi (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fractudati (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fractudasf (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fractudadf (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractutaqq (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractutahq (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractutasq (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractutadq (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractutaha (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractutasa (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractutada (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractutata (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractutauqq (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractutauhq (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned long fract __fractutausq (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractutaudq (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractutauha2 (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractutausa2 (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractutauda2 (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>signed char __fractutaqi (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short __fractutahi (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>int __fractutasi (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long __fractutadi (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long __fractutati (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>float __fractutasf (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>double __fractutadf (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractqiqq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractqihq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractqisq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractqidq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractqiha (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractqisa (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractqida (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractqita (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractqiuqq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractqiuhq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractqiusq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractqiudq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractqiuha (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractqiusa (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractqiuda (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractqiuta (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fracthiqq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fracthihq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fracthisq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fracthidq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fracthiha (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fracthisa (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fracthida (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fracthita (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fracthiuqq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fracthiuhq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fracthiusq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

unsigned long long fract __fracthiudq (short a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short accum __fracthiuha (short a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned accum __fracthiusa (short a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long accum __fracthiuda (short a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long accum __fracthiuta (short a)	[Runtime Function]
short fract __fractsiqq (int a)	[Runtime Function]
fract __fractsihq (int a)	[Runtime Function]
long fract __fractsisq (int a)	[Runtime Function]
long long fract __fractsidq (int a)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __fractsiha (int a)	[Runtime Function]
accum __fractsisa (int a)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __fractsida (int a)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __fractsita (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short fract __fractsiuqq (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned fract __fractsiuhq (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long fract __fractsiusq (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long fract __fractsiudq (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short accum __fractsiuha (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned accum __fractsiusa (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long accum __fractsiuda (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long accum __fractsiuta (int a)	[Runtime Function]
short fract __fractdiqq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
fract __fractdihq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
long fract __fractdisq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
long long fract __fractdidq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __fractdiha (long a)	[Runtime Function]
accum __fractdisa (long a)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __fractdida (long a)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __fractdita (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short fract __fractdiuqq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned fract __fractdiuhq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long fract __fractdiusq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long fract __fractdiudq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short accum __fractdiuha (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned accum __fractdiusa (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long accum __fractdiuda (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long accum __fractdiuta (long a)	[Runtime Function]
short fract __fracttiqq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
fract __fracttihq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
long fract __fracttisq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
long long fract __fracttidq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __fracttiha (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
accum __fracttisa (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __fracttida (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __fracttita (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short fract __fracttiuqq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned fract __fracttiuhq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned long fract __fracttiusq (long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fracttiudq (long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fracttiuha (long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fracttiusa (long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fracttiuda (long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fracttiuta (long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractsfq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractsfhq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractsfsq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractsfdq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractsfha (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractsfsa (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractsfda (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractsfta (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractsfuqq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractsfuhq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractsfusq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractsfudq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractsfuha (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractsfusa (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractsfuda (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractsfuta (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractdfq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractdfhq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractdfsq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractdfdq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractdfha (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractdfsa (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractdfda (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractdfta (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractdfuqq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractdfuhq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractdfusq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractdfudq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractdfuha (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractdfusa (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractdfuda (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractdfuta (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert from fractional and signed non-fractionals to fractionals and signed non-fractionals, without saturation.

<code>fract __satfractqqhq2 (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractqqsq2 (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractqqdq2 (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractqqha (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractqqsa (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractqqda (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>long long accum __satfractqqta (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractqqquqq (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractqqquhq (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractqqqusq (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractqqqudq (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractqqquha (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractqqqusa (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractqqquda (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractqqquta (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfracthqqq2 (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfracthqsq2 (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfracthqdq2 (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfracthqha (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfracthqsa (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfracthqda (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfracthqta (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfracthquqq (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfracthquhq (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfracthqusq (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfracthqduq (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfracthquha (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfracthqusa (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfracthquda (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfracthquta (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractsqqq2 (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractsqhq2 (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractsqdq2 (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractsqha (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractsqsa (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractsqda (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractsqta (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractsquqq (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractsquhq (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractsqusq (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractsqudq (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractsquha (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractsqusa (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractsquda (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractsquta (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractdqqq2 (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractdqhq2 (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>long fract __satfractdqsq2 (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractdqha (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractdgsa (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractdqda (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractdqta (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractdquqq (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractdquhq (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractdqusq (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractdqudq (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractdquha (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractdgsa (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractdqda (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractdqta (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfracthaqq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfracthahq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfracthasq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfracthadq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfracthasa2 (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfracthada2 (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfracthata2 (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfracthauqq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfracthauhq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfracthausq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfracthaudq (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfracthauha (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfracthausa (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfracthauda (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfracthauta (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractsaqq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractsahq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractsasq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractsadq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractsaha2 (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractsada2 (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractsata2 (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractsauqq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractsauhq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned long fract __satfractsausq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractsaudq (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractsauha (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractsausa (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractsauda (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractsauta (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractdaq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractdahq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractdasq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractdadq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractdaha2 (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractdasa2 (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractdata2 (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractdauqq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractdauhq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractdausq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractdaudq (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractdauha (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractdausa (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractdauda (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractdauta (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractttaqq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractttahq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractttasq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractttadq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractttaha2 (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractttasa2 (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractttada2 (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractttauqq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractttauhq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractttausq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractttaudq (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractttauha (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractttausa (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractttauda (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfracttauta (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractuqqqq (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractuqqhq (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>long fract __satfractuqqsq (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractuqqdq (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractuqqha (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractuqqsa (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractuqqda (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractuqqta (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractuqqhq2 (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractuqqusq2 (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractuqqdq2 (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractuqquha (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractuqqusa (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractuqquda (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractuqquta (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractuhqqq (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractuhqhq (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractuhqsq (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractuhqdq (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractuhqha (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractuhqsa (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractuhqda (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractuhqta (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractuhquqq2 (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractuhqusq2 (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractuhqudq2 (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractuhquha (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractuhqusa (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractuhquda (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractuhquta (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractusqqq (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractusqhq (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractusqsq (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

long long fract __satfractusqdq (unsigned long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __satfractusqha (unsigned long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
accum __satfractusqsa (unsigned long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __satfractusqda (unsigned long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __satfractusqta (unsigned long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short fract __satfractusquqq2 (unsigned long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned fract __satfractusquhq2 (unsigned long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long fract __satfractusqudq2 (unsigned long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short accum __satfractusquha (unsigned long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned accum __satfractusqusa (unsigned long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long accum __satfractusquda (unsigned long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long accum __satfractusqta (unsigned long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
short fract __satfractudqqq (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
fract __satfractudqhq (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
long fract __satfractudqsq (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
long long fract __satfractudqdq (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __satfractudqha (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
accum __satfractudqsa (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __satfractudqda (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __satfractudqta (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short fract __satfractudquqq2 (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned fract __satfractudquhq2 (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long fract __satfractudqusq2 (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short accum __satfractudquha (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned accum __satfractudqusa (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long accum __satfractudquda (unsigned long long fract a)	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractudqta (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractuhaqq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractuhahq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractuhasq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractuhadq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractuhaha (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractuhasa (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractuhada (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractuhata (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractuhausq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractuhausq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractuhausq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractuhausq (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractuhaus2 (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractuhaus2 (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractuhaus2 (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractusahq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractusahq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractusahq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractusahq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractusaha (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractusasa (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractusada (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractusata (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractusauqq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractusauhq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractusausq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractusaudq (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractusauha2 (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractusauda2 (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractusauta2</code> <code>(unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractudaqq (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractudahq (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractudasq (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractudadq (unsigned long</code> <code>accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractudaha (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractudasa (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractudada (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractudata (unsigned long</code> <code>accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractudauqq (unsigned</code> <code>long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractudauhq (unsigned long</code> <code>accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractudausq (unsigned long</code> <code>accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractudaudq (unsigned</code> <code>long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractudauha2 (unsigned</code> <code>long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractudausa2 (unsigned long</code> <code>accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractudauta2</code> <code>(unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractutaqq (unsigned long long</code> <code>accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractutahq (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractutasq (unsigned long long</code> <code>accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractutadq (unsigned long long</code> <code>accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractutaha (unsigned long long</code> <code>accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractutasa (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractutada (unsigned long long</code> <code>accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractutata (unsigned long long</code> <code>accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractutauqq (unsigned</code> <code>long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractutauhq (unsigned long long</code> <code>accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractutausq (unsigned long</code> <code>long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractutaudq (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractutauha2 (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractutausa2 (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractutauda2 (unsigned long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractqiqq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractqihq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractqisq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractqidq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractqiha (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractqisa (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractqida (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractqita (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractqiuqq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractqiuhq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractqiusq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractqiudq (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractqiuha (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractqiusa (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractqiuda (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractqiuta (signed char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfracthiqq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfracthihq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfracthisq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfracthidq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfracthiha (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfracthisa (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfracthida (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfracthita (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfracthiuqq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfracthiuhq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfracthiusq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfracthiudq (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfracthiuha (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfracthiusa (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfracthiuda (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfracthiuta (short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractsiqq (int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractsihq (int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractsisq (int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

long long fract __satfractsidq (int a)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __satfractsiha (int a)	[Runtime Function]
accum __satfractsisa (int a)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __satfractsida (int a)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __satfractsita (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short fract __satfractsiuqq (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned fract __satfractsiuhq (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long fract __satfractsiusq (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long fract __satfractsiudq (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short accum __satfractsiuha (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned accum __satfractsiusa (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long accum __satfractsiuda (int a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long accum __satfractsiuta (int a)	[Runtime Function]
short fract __satfractdiqq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
fract __satfractdihq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
long fract __satfractdisq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
long long fract __satfractdidq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __satfractdiha (long a)	[Runtime Function]
accum __satfractdisa (long a)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __satfractdida (long a)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __satfractdita (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short fract __satfractdiuqq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned fract __satfractdiuhq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long fract __satfractdiusq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long fract __satfractdiudq (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short accum __satfractdiuha (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned accum __satfractdiusa (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long accum __satfractdiuda (long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long accum __satfractdiuta (long a)	[Runtime Function]
short fract __satfracttiqq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
fract __satfracttihq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
long fract __satfracttisq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
long long fract __satfracttidq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __satfracttiha (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
accum __satfracttisa (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __satfracttida (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __satfracttita (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short fract __satfracttiuqq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned fract __satfracttiuhq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long fract __satfracttiusq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long fract __satfracttiudq (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short accum __satfracttiuha (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned accum __satfracttiusa (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long accum __satfracttiuda (long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long accum __satfracttiuta (long long a)	[Runtime Function]

<code>short fract __satfractsfqq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractsfhq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractsfqs (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractsfdq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractsfha (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractsfsa (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractsfda (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractsfda (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractsfuqq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractsfuhq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractsfusq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractsfudq (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractsfuha (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractsfusa (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractsfuda (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractsfuta (float a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractdfqq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractdfhq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractdfs (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractdfdq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractdfha (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractdfsa (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractdfda (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractdfda (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractdfuqq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractdfuhq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractdfusq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractdfudq (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractdfuha (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractdfusa (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractdfuda (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractdfuta (double a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

The functions convert from fractional and signed non-fractionals to fractionals, with saturation.

<code>unsigned char __fractunsqqqi (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunsqqhi (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunsqqsi (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunsqqdi (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunsqqti (short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned char __fractunshqqi (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunshqhi (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunshqsi (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunshqdi (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunshqti (fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned char __fractunssqqi (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunssqhi (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned int __fractunssqsi (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunssqdi (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunssqti (long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned char __fractunsdqqi (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunsdqhi (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunsdqsi (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunsdqdi (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunsdqti (long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned char __fractunshaqi (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunshahi (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunshasi (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunshadi (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunshati (short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned char __fractunssaqi (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunssahi (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunssasi (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunssadi (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunssati (accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned char __fractunsdai (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunsdahi (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunsdasi (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunsdadi (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunsdati (long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned char __fractunstaqi (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunstahi (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunstasi (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunstadi (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunstati (long long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned char __fractunsuqqqi (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunsuqqhi (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunsuqqsi (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunsuqqdi (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunsuqqti (unsigned short fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned char __fractunzuhqqi (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunzuhqhi (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunzuhqsi (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunzuhqdi (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunzuhqti (unsigned fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned char __fractunsusqqi (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunsusqhi (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunsusqsi (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunsusqdi (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunsusqti (unsigned long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned char __fractunsudqqi (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunsudqhi (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunsudqsi (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunsudqdi (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunsudqti (unsigned long long fract a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned char __fractunsuhaqi (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunsuhahi (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunsuhasi (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunsuhadi (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunsuhati (unsigned short accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned char __fractunsusaqi (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunsusahi (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunsusasi (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunsusadi (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunsusati (unsigned accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned char __fractunsudaqi (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short __fractunsudahahi (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned int __fractunsudasi (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long __fractunsudadi (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long __fractunsudati (unsigned long accum a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

unsigned char __fractunsutaqi (unsigned long long accum a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short __fractunsutahi (unsigned long long accum a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned int __fractunsutasi (unsigned long long accum a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long __fractunsutadi (unsigned long long accum a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long __fractunsutati (unsigned long long accum a)	[Runtime Function]
short fract __fractunsqiqq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
fract __fractunsqihq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
long fract __fractunsqisq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
long long fract __fractunsqidq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __fractunsqiha (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
accum __fractunsqisa (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __fractunsqida (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __fractunsqita (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short fract __fractunsqiuqq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned fract __fractunsqiuhq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long fract __fractunsqiusq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long fract __fractunsqiudq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short accum __fractunsqiuha (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned accum __fractunsqiusa (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long accum __fractunsqiuda (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long accum __fractunsqiuta (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
short fract __fractunshiqq (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
fract __fractunshihq (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
long fract __fractunshisq (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
long long fract __fractunshidq (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __fractunshiha (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
accum __fractunshisa (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __fractunshida (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __fractunshita (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short fract __fractunshiuqq (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned fract __fractunshiuhq (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long fract __fractunshiusq (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long fract __fractunshiudq (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned short accum __fractunshiuha (unsigned short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractunshiusa (unsigned short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractunshiuda (unsigned short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractunshiuta (unsigned short a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractunssiqq (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractunssihq (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractunssisq (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractunssidq (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractunssiha (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractunssisa (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractunssida (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractunssita (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractunssiuqq (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractunssihq (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractunssiusq (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractunssiudq (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractunssiuha (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractunssiusa (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __fractunssiuda (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __fractunssiuta (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __fractunsdiqq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __fractunsdihq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __fractunsdisq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __fractunsdidq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __fractunsdiha (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __fractunsdisa (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __fractunsdida (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __fractunsdita (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __fractunsdiuqq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __fractunsdiuhq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __fractunsdiusq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __fractunsdiudq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __fractunsdiuha (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __fractunsdiusa (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

unsigned long accum __fractunsdiuda (unsigned long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long accum __fractunsdiuta (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
short fract __fractunstiqq (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
fract __fractunstihq (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
long fract __fractunstisq (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
long long fract __fractunstdq (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __fractunstiha (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
accum __fractunstisa (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __fractunstida (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __fractunstita (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short fract __fractunstiuqq (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned fract __fractunstihq (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long fract __fractunstiusq (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long fract __fractunstiudq (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short accum __fractunstiuha (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned accum __fractunstiusa (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long accum __fractunstiuda (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long long accum __fractunstiuta (unsigned long long a)	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert from fractionals to unsigned non-fractionals; and from unsigned non-fractionals to fractionals, without saturation.

short fract __satfractunsqiqq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
fract __satfractunsqihq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
long fract __satfractunsqisq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
long long fract __satfractunsqidq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
short accum __satfractunsqiha (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
accum __satfractunsqisa (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
long accum __satfractunsqida (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
long long accum __satfractunsqita (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned short fract __satfractunsqiuqq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned fract __satfractunsqihq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
unsigned long fract __satfractunsqiusq (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractunsqiudq</code> <code>(unsigned char a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractunsqiuha</code> (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractunsqiusa</code> (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractunsqiuda</code> (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractunsqiuta</code> (unsigned char a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractunshiqq</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractunshihq</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractunshisq</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractunshidq</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractunshiha</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractunshisa</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractunshida</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractunshita</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractunshiuqq</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractunshiuhq</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractunshiusq</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractunshiudq</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractunshiuha</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractunshiusa</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractunshiuda</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractunshiuta</code> (unsigned short a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractunssiqq</code> (unsigned int a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractunssihq</code> (unsigned int a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractunssisq</code> (unsigned int a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractunssidq</code> (unsigned int a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractunssiha</code> (unsigned int a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractunssisa</code> (unsigned int a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractunssida</code> (unsigned int a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractunssita</code> (unsigned int a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractunssiuqq</code> (unsigned int a)	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractunssiuhq</code> (unsigned int a)	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned long fract __satfractunssiusq (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractunssiudq (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractunssiuha (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractunssiusa (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractunssiuda (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractunssiuta (unsigned int a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractunsdiqq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractunsdihq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractunsdisq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractunsdidq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractunsdiha (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractunsdisa (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractunsdida (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractunsdita (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractunsdiuqq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned fract __satfractunsdiuhq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractunsdiusq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractunsdiudq (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractunsdiuha (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractunsdiusa (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractunsdiuda (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractunsdiuta (unsigned long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short fract __satfractunstiqq (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>fract __satfractunstihq (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long fract __satfractunstisq (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long fract __satfractunstdiq (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>short accum __satfractunstiha (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>accum __satfractunstisa (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long accum __satfractunstida (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>long long accum __satfractunstita (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short fract __satfractunstiuqq (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

<code>unsigned fract __satfractunstihq (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long fract __satfractunstiusq (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long fract __satfractunstiudq (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned short accum __satfractunstiuha (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned accum __satfractunstiusa (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long accum __satfractunstiuda (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]
<code>unsigned long long accum __satfractunstiuta (unsigned long long a)</code>	[Runtime Function]

These functions convert from unsigned non-fractionals to fractionals, with saturation.

### 3.5 Language-independent routines for exception handling

document me!

```

_Unwind_DeleteException
_Unwind_Find_FDE
_Unwind_ForcedUnwind
_Unwind_GetGR
_Unwind_GetIP
_Unwind_GetLanguageSpecificData
_Unwind_GetRegionStart
_Unwind_GetTextRelBase
_Unwind_GetDataRelBase
_Unwind_RaiseException
_Unwind_Resume
_Unwind_SetGR
_Unwind_SetIP
_Unwind_FindEnclosingFunction
_Unwind_SjLj_Register
_Unwind_SjLj_Unregister
_Unwind_SjLj_RaiseException
_Unwind_SjLj_ForcedUnwind
_Unwind_SjLj_Resume
__deregister_frame
__deregister_frame_info
__deregister_frame_info_bases
__register_frame
__register_frame_info
__register_frame_info_bases
__register_frame_info_table
__register_frame_info_table_bases
__register_frame_table

```

### 3.6 Miscellaneous runtime library routines

### 3.6.1 Cache control functions

`void __clear_cache (char *beg, char *end)` [Runtime Function]

This function clears the instruction cache between *beg* and *end*.

### 3.6.2 Split stack functions and variables

`void * __splitstack_find (void *segment_arg, void *sp, size_t len, void **next_segment, void **next_sp, void **initial_sp)` [Runtime Function]

When using `-fsplit-stack`, this call may be used to iterate over the stack segments.

It may be called like this:

```
void *next_segment = NULL;
void *next_sp = NULL;
void *initial_sp = NULL;
void *stack;
size_t stack_size;
while ((stack = __splitstack_find (next_segment, next_sp,
                                  &stack_size, &next_segment,
                                  &next_sp, &initial_sp))
      != NULL)
{
    /* Stack segment starts at stack and is
       stack_size bytes long. */
}
```

There is no way to iterate over the stack segments of a different thread. However, what is permitted is for one thread to call this with the *segment\_arg* and *sp* arguments NULL, to pass *next\_segment*, *next\_sp*, and *initial\_sp* to a different thread, and then to suspend one way or another. A different thread may run the subsequent `__splitstack_find` iterations. Of course, this will only work if the first thread is suspended while the second thread is calling `__splitstack_find`. If not, the second thread could be looking at the stack while it is changing, and anything could happen.

`__morestack_segments` [Variable]

`__morestack_current_segment` [Variable]

`__morestack_initial_sp` [Variable]

Internal variables used by the `-fsplit-stack` implementation.

## 4 Language Front Ends in GCC

The interface to front ends for languages in GCC, and in particular the `tree` structure (see Chapter 10 [GENERIC], page 179), was initially designed for C, and many aspects of it are still somewhat biased towards C and C-like languages. It is, however, reasonably well suited to other procedural languages, and front ends for many such languages have been written for GCC.

Writing a compiler as a front end for GCC, rather than compiling directly to assembler or generating C code which is then compiled by GCC, has several advantages:

- GCC front ends benefit from the support for many different target machines already present in GCC.
- GCC front ends benefit from all the optimizations in GCC. Some of these, such as alias analysis, may work better when GCC is compiling directly from source code than when it is compiling from generated C code.
- Better debugging information is generated when compiling directly from source code than when going via intermediate generated C code.

Because of the advantages of writing a compiler as a GCC front end, GCC front ends have also been created for languages very different from those for which GCC was designed, such as the declarative logic/functional language Mercury. For these reasons, it may also be useful to implement compilers created for specialized purposes (for example, as part of a research project) as GCC front ends. cc Copyright (C) 2002-2026 Free Software Foundation, Inc.



## 5 Source Tree Structure and Build System

This chapter describes the structure of the GCC source tree, and how GCC is built. The user documentation for building and installing GCC is in a separate manual (<https://gcc.gnu.org/install/>), with which it is presumed that you are familiar.

### 5.1 Configure Terms and History

The configure and build process has a long and colorful history, and can be confusing to anyone who doesn't know why things are the way they are. While there are other documents which describe the configuration process in detail, here are a few things that everyone working on GCC should know.

There are three system names that the build knows about: the machine you are building on (*build*), the machine that you are building for (*host*), and the machine that GCC will produce code for (*target*). When you configure GCC, you specify these with `--build=`, `--host=`, and `--target=`.

Specifying the host without specifying the build should be avoided, as `configure` may (and once did) assume that the host you specify is also the build, which may not be true.

If build, host, and target are all the same, this is called a *native*. If build and host are the same but target is different, this is called a *cross*. If build, host, and target are all different this is called a *canadian* (for obscure reasons dealing with Canada's political party and the background of the person working on the build at that time). If host and target are the same, but build is different, you are using a cross-compiler to build a native for a different system. Some people call this a *host-x-host*, *crossed native*, or *cross-built native*. If build and target are the same, but host is different, you are using a cross compiler to build a cross compiler that produces code for the machine you're building on. This is rare, so there is no common way of describing it. There is a proposal to call this a *crossback*.

If build and host are the same, the GCC you are building will also be used to build the target libraries (like `libstdc++`). If build and host are different, you must have already built and installed a cross compiler that will be used to build the target libraries (if you configured with `--target=foo-bar`, this compiler will be called `foo-bar-gcc`).

In the case of target libraries, the machine you're building for is the machine you specified with `--target`. So, build is the machine you're building on (no change there), host is the machine you're building for (the target libraries are built for the target, so host is the target you specified), and target doesn't apply (because you're not building a compiler, you're building libraries). The configure/make process will adjust these variables as needed. It also sets `$with_cross_host` to the original `--host` value in case you need it.

The `libiberty` support library is built up to three times: once for the host, once for the target (even if they are the same), and once for the build if build and host are different. This allows it to be used by all programs which are generated in the course of the build process.

### 5.2 Top Level Source Directory

The top level source directory in a GCC distribution contains several files and directories that are shared with other software distributions such as that of GNU Binutils. It also contains several subdirectories that contain parts of GCC and its runtime libraries:

<code>c++tools</code>	Contains the sources for the <code>g++-mapper-server</code> , a tool used with C++ modules.
<code>config</code>	Autoconf macros and Makefile fragments used throughout the tree.
<code>contrib</code>	Contributed scripts that may be found useful in conjunction with GCC. One of these, <code>contrib/texi2pod.pl</code> , is used to generate man pages from Texinfo manuals as part of the GCC build process.
<code>fixincludes</code>	The support for fixing system headers to work with GCC. See <code>fixincludes/README</code> for more information. The headers fixed by this mechanism are installed in <code>libsubdir/include-fixed</code> . Along with those headers, <code>README-fixinc</code> is also installed, as <code>libsubdir/include-fixed/README</code> .
<code>gcc</code>	The main sources of GCC itself (except for runtime libraries), including optimizers, support for different target architectures, language front ends, and testsuites. See Section 5.3 [The <code>gcc</code> Subdirectory], page 65, for details.
<code>gnattools</code>	Support tools for GNAT.
<code>gotools</code>	Support tools for Go.
<code>include</code>	Headers for the <code>libiberty</code> library.
<code>intl</code>	GNU <code>libintl</code> , from GNU <code>gettext</code> , for systems which do not include it in <code>libc</code> .
<code>libada</code>	The Ada runtime library.
<code>libatomic</code>	The runtime support library for atomic operations (e.g. for <code>__sync</code> and <code>__atomic</code> ).
<code>libbacktrace</code>	A library that allows GCC to produce backtraces when it crashes.
<code>libbcc1</code>	A library that allows GDB to make use of the compiler.
<code>libcody</code>	A compiler dynamism library to allow communication between compilers and build systems, for purposes such as C++ modules.
<code>libcpp</code>	The C preprocessor library.
<code>libdecnumber</code>	The Decimal Float support library.
<code>libffi</code>	The <code>libffi</code> library, used as part of the Go runtime library.
<code>libga68</code>	The Algol 68 runtime library.
<code>libgcc</code>	The GCC runtime library.
<code>libgcobol</code>	The COBOL runtime library.
<code>libgfortran</code>	The Fortran runtime library.

<code>libgm2</code>	The Modula-2 runtime library.
<code>libgo</code>	The Go runtime library. The bulk of this library is mirrored from the master Go repository ( <a href="https://github.com/golang/go">https://github.com/golang/go</a> ).
<code>libgomp</code>	The GNU Offloading and Multi Processing Runtime Library.
<code>libiberty</code>	The <code>libiberty</code> library, used for portability and for some generally useful data structures and algorithms. See Section “Introduction” in GNU <i>libiberty</i> , for more information about this library.
<code>libitm</code>	The runtime support library for transactional memory.
<code>libobjc</code>	The Objective-C and Objective-C++ runtime library.
<code>libphobos</code>	The D standard and runtime library. The bulk of this library is mirrored from the master D repositories ( <a href="https://github.com/dlang">https://github.com/dlang</a> ).
<code>libquadmath</code>	The runtime support library for quad-precision math operations.
<code>libsanitizer</code>	Libraries for various sanitizers. The bulk of this directory is mirrored from the Google sanitizers repositories ( <a href="https://github.com/google/sanitizers">https://github.com/google/sanitizers</a> ).
<code>libssp</code>	The Stack protector runtime library.
<code>libstdc++-v3</code>	The C++ runtime library.
<code>libvtv</code>	The vtable verification library.
<code>lto-plugin</code>	Plugin used by the linker if link-time optimizations are enabled.
<code>maintainer-scripts</code>	Scripts used by the <code>gccadmin</code> account on <a href="http://gcc.gnu.org">gcc.gnu.org</a> .
<code>zlib</code>	The <code>zlib</code> compression library, used for compressing and uncompressing GCC’s intermediate language in LTO object files.

The build system in the top level directory, including how recursion into subdirectories works and how building runtime libraries for multilibs is handled, is documented in a separate manual, included with GNU Binutils.

### 5.3 The gcc Subdirectory

The `gcc` directory contains many files that are part of the C sources of GCC, other files used as part of the configuration and build process, and subdirectories including documentation and a testsuite. The files that are sources of GCC are documented in a separate chapter. See Chapter 8 [Passes and Files of the Compiler], page 145.

### 5.3.1 Subdirectories of gcc

The `gcc` directory contains the following subdirectories:

<b>language</b>	Subdirectories for various languages. Directories containing a file <code>config-lang.in</code> are language subdirectories. The contents of the subdirectories <code>c</code> (for C), <code>cp</code> (for C++), <code>m2</code> (for Modula-2), <code>objc</code> (for Objective-C), <code>objcp</code> (for Objective-C++), and <code>lto</code> (for LTO) are documented in this manual (see Chapter 8 [Passes and Files of the Compiler], page 145); those for other languages are not. See Section 5.3.8 [Anatomy of a Language Front End], page 74, for details of the files in these directories.
<b>common</b>	Source files shared between the compiler drivers (such as <code>gcc</code> ) and the compilers proper (such as <code>cc1</code> ). If an architecture defines target hooks shared between those places, it also has a subdirectory in <code>common/config</code> . See Section 17.1 [Target Structure], page 529.
<b>config</b>	Configuration files for supported architectures and operating systems. See Section 5.3.9 [Anatomy of a Target Back End], page 78, for details of the files in this directory.
<b>doc</b>	Texinfo documentation for GCC, together with automatically generated man pages and support for converting the installation manual to HTML. See Section 5.3.7 [Documentation], page 71.
<b>ginclude</b>	System headers installed by GCC, mainly those defined by the C standard that do not declare functions with external linkage. See Section 5.3.6 [Headers Installed by GCC], page 71, for details of when these and other headers are installed.
<b>po</b>	Message catalogs with translations of messages produced by GCC into various languages, <code>language.po</code> . This directory also contains <code>gcc.pot</code> , the template for these message catalogues, <code>exgettext</code> , a wrapper around <code>gettext</code> to extract the messages from the GCC sources and create <code>gcc.pot</code> , which is run by ‘ <code>make gcc.pot</code> ’, and <code>EXCLUDES</code> , a list of files from which messages should not be extracted.
<b>testsuite</b>	The GCC testsuites (except for those for runtime libraries). See Chapter 6 [Testsuites], page 81.

### 5.3.2 Configuration in the gcc Directory

The `gcc` directory is configured with an Autoconf-generated script `configure`. The `configure` script is generated from `configure.ac` and `aclocal.m4`. From the files `configure.ac` and `acconfig.h`, Autoheader generates the file `config.in`. The file `cstamp-h.in` is used as a timestamp.

#### 5.3.2.1 Scripts Used by configure

`configure` uses some other scripts to help in its work:

- The standard GNU `config.sub` and `config.guess` files, kept in the top level directory, are used.



machines, these include the autoconfigured headers generated by `configure`. The other configuration headers are determined by `config.gcc`. They also contain the typedefs for `rtx`, `rtvec` and `tree`.

- `config.h`, for use in programs that run on the host machine.
- `bconfig.h`, for use in programs that run on the build machine.
- `tconfig.h`, for use in programs and libraries for the target machine.
- `tm_p.h`, which includes the header `machine-protos.h` that contains prototypes for functions in the target `machine.c` file. The `machine-protos.h` header is included after the `rtl.h` and/or `tree.h` would have been included. The `tm_p.h` also includes the header `tm-preds.h` which is generated by `genpreds` program during the build to define the declarations and inline functions for the predicate functions.

### 5.3.3 Build System in the `gcc` Directory

FIXME: describe the build system, including what is built in what stages. Also list the various source files that are used in the build process but aren't source files of GCC itself and so aren't documented below (see Chapter 8 [Passes], page 145).

### 5.3.4 Makefile Targets

These targets are available from the '`gcc`' directory:

<code>all</code>	This is the default target. Depending on what your build/host/target configuration is, it coordinates all the things that need to be built.
<code>doc</code>	Produce info-formatted documentation and man pages. Essentially it calls ' <code>make man</code> ' and ' <code>make info</code> '.
<code>dvi</code>	Produce DVI-formatted documentation.
<code>pdf</code>	Produce PDF-formatted documentation.
<code>html</code>	Produce HTML-formatted documentation.
<code>man</code>	Generate man pages.
<code>info</code>	Generate info-formatted pages.
<code>mostlyclean</code>	Delete the files made while building the compiler.
<code>clean</code>	That, and all the other files built by ' <code>make all</code> '.
<code>distclean</code>	That, and all the files created by <code>configure</code> .
<code>maintainer-clean</code>	Distclean plus any file that can be generated from other files. Note that additional tools may be required beyond what is normally needed to build GCC.
<code>srcextra</code>	Generates files in the source directory that are not version-controlled but should go into a release tarball.
<code>srcinfo</code>	
<code>srcman</code>	Copies the info-formatted and manpage documentation into the source directory usually for the purpose of generating a release tarball.











FIXME: document such files in subdirectories, at least `config`, `c`, `cp`, `objc`, `testsuite`.

### 5.3.8 Anatomy of a Language Front End

A front end for a language in GCC has the following parts:

- A directory `language` under `gcc` containing source files for that front end. See Section 5.3.8.1 [The Front End `language` Directory], page 75, for details.
- A mention of the language in the list of supported languages in `gcc/doc/install.texi`.
- A mention of the name under which the language's runtime library is recognized by `--enable-shared=package` in the documentation of that option in `gcc/doc/install.texi`.
- A mention of any special prerequisites for building the front end in the documentation of prerequisites in `gcc/doc/install.texi`.
- Details of contributors to that front end in `gcc/doc/contrib.texi`. If the details are in that front end's own manual then there should be a link to that manual's list in `contrib.texi`.
- Information about support for that language in `gcc/doc/frontends.texi`.
- Information about standards for that language, and the front end's support for them, in `gcc/doc/standards.texi`. This may be a link to such information in the front end's own manual.
- Details of source file suffixes for that language and `-x lang` options supported, in `gcc/doc/invoke.texi`.
- Entries in `default_compilers` in `gcc.cc` for source file suffixes for that language.
- Preferably testsuites, which may be under `gcc/testsuite` or runtime library directories. FIXME: document somewhere how to write testsuite harnesses.
- Probably a runtime library for the language, outside the `gcc` directory. FIXME: document this further.
- Details of the directories of any runtime libraries in `gcc/doc/sourcebuild.texi`.
- Check targets in `Makefile.def` for the top-level `Makefile` to check just the compiler or the compiler and runtime library for the language.

If the front end is added to the official GCC source repository, the following are also necessary:

- At least one Bugzilla component for bugs in that front end and runtime libraries. This category needs to be added to the Bugzilla database.
- Normally, one or more maintainers of that front end listed in `MAINTAINERS`.
- Mentions on the GCC web site in `index.html` and `frontends.html`, with any relevant links on `readings.html`. (Front ends that are not an official part of GCC may also be listed on `frontends.html`, with relevant links.)
- A news item on `index.html`, and possibly an announcement on the `gcc-announce@gcc.gnu.org` mailing list.
- The front end's manuals should be mentioned in `maintainer-scripts/update_web_docs_git` (see Section 5.3.7.1 [Texinfo Manuals], page 72) and the online manuals should be linked to from `onlinedocs/index.html`.





<b>info</b>	Build info documentation for the front end, in the build directory. This target is only called by ‘ <b>make bootstrap</b> ’ if a suitable version of <b>makeinfo</b> is available, so does not need to check for this, and should fail if an error occurs.
<b>dvi</b>	Build DVI documentation for the front end, in the build directory. This should be done using $\$(\text{TEXI2DVI})$ , with appropriate <b>-I</b> arguments pointing to directories of included files.
<b>pdf</b>	Build PDF documentation for the front end, in the build directory. This should be done using $\$(\text{TEXI2PDF})$ , with appropriate <b>-I</b> arguments pointing to directories of included files.
<b>html</b>	Build HTML documentation for the front end, in the build directory.
<b>man</b>	Build generated man pages for the front end from Texinfo manuals (see Section 5.3.7.2 [Man Page Generation], page 72), in the build directory. This target is only called if the necessary tools are available, but should ignore errors so as not to stop the build if errors occur; man pages are optional and the tools involved may be installed in a broken way.
<b>install-common</b>	Install everything that is part of the front end, apart from the compiler executables listed in <b>compilers</b> in <b>config-lang.in</b> .
<b>install-info</b>	Install info documentation for the front end, if it is present in the source directory. This target should have dependencies on info files that should be installed.
<b>install-man</b>	Install man pages for the front end. This target should ignore errors.
<b>install-plugin</b>	Install headers needed for plugins.
<b>srcextra</b>	Copies its dependencies into the source directory. This generally should be used for generated files such as Bison output files which are not version-controlled, but should be included in any release tarballs. This target will be executed during a bootstrap if ‘ <b>--enable-generated-files-in-srcdir</b> ’ was specified as a <b>configure</b> option.
<b>srcinfo</b>	
<b>srcman</b>	Copies its dependencies into the source directory. These targets will be executed during a bootstrap if ‘ <b>--enable-generated-files-in-srcdir</b> ’ was specified as a <b>configure</b> option.
<b>uninstall</b>	Uninstall files installed by installing the compiler. This is currently documented not to be supported, so the hook need not do anything.
<b>mostlyclean</b>	
<b>clean</b>	
<b>distclean</b>	
<b>maintainer-clean</b>	The language parts of the standard GNU ‘ <b>*clean</b> ’ targets. See Section “Standard Targets for Users” in <i>GNU Coding Standards</i> , for details of the standard

targets. For GCC, `maintainer-clean` should delete all generated files in the source directory that are not version-controlled, but should not delete anything that is.

`Make-lang.in` must also define a variable `lang_OBJS` to a list of host object files that are used by that language.

### 5.3.9 Anatomy of a Target Back End

A back end for a target architecture in GCC has the following parts:

- A directory `machine` under `gcc/config`, containing a machine description `machine.md` file (see Chapter 16 [Machine Descriptions], page 369), header files `machine.h` and `machine-protos.h` and a source file `machine.c` (see Chapter 17 [Target Description Macros and Functions], page 529), possibly a target Makefile fragment `t-machine` (see Section 19.1 [The Target Makefile Fragment], page 729), and maybe some other files. The names of these files may be changed from the defaults given by explicit specifications in `config.gcc`.
- If necessary, a file `machine-modes.def` in the `machine` directory, containing additional machine modes to represent condition codes. See Section 17.17 [Condition Code], page 628, for further details.
- An optional `machine.opt` file in the `machine` directory, containing a list of target-specific options. You can also add other option files using the `extra_options` variable in `config.gcc`. See Chapter 7 [Options], page 135.
- Entries in `config.gcc` (see Section 5.3.2.2 [The `config.gcc` File], page 67) for the systems with this target architecture.
- Documentation in `gcc/doc/invoke.texi` for any command-line options supported by this target (see Section 17.3 [Run-time Target Specification], page 537). This means both entries in the summary table of options and details of the individual options.
- An entry in `gcc/regenerate-opt-urls.py`'s `TARGET_SPECIFIC_PAGES` dictionary mapping from target-specific HTML documentation pages to the target specific source directory.
- Documentation in `gcc/doc/extend.texi` for any target-specific attributes supported (see Section 17.26 [Defining target-specific uses of `__attribute__`], page 688), including where the same attribute is already supported on some targets, which are enumerated in the manual.
- Documentation in `gcc/doc/extend.texi` for any target-specific pragmas supported.
- Documentation in `gcc/doc/extend.texi` of any target-specific built-in functions supported.
- Documentation in `gcc/doc/extend.texi` of any target-specific format checking styles supported.
- Documentation in `gcc/doc/md.texi` of any target-specific constraint letters (see Section 16.9.5 [Constraints for Particular Machines], page 392).
- A note in `gcc/doc/contrib.texi` under the person or people who contributed the target support.

- Entries in `gcc/doc/install.texi` for all target triplets supported with this target architecture, giving details of any special notes about installation for this target, or saying that there are no special notes if there are none.
- Possibly other support outside the `gcc` directory for runtime libraries. FIXME: reference docs for this. The `libstdc++` porting manual needs to be installed as info for this to work, or to be a chapter of this manual.

The `machine.h` header is included very early in GCC's standard sequence of header files, while `machine-protos.h` is included late in the sequence. Thus `machine-protos.h` can include declarations referencing types that are not defined when `machine.h` is included, specifically including those from `rtl.h` and `tree.h`. Since both RTL and tree types may not be available in every context where `machine-protos.h` is included, in this file you should guard declarations using these types inside appropriate `#ifdef RTX_CODE` or `#ifdef TREE_CODE` conditional code segments.

If the backend uses shared data structures that require GTY markers for garbage collection (see Chapter 22 [Type Information], page 737), you must declare those in `machine.h` rather than `machine-protos.h`. Any definitions required for building libgcc must also go in `machine.h`.

GCC uses the macro `IN_TARGET_CODE` to distinguish between machine-specific `.c` and `.cc` files and machine-independent `.c` and `.cc` files. Machine-specific files should use the directive:

```
#define IN_TARGET_CODE 1
before including config.h.
```

If the back end is added to the official GCC source repository, the following are also necessary:

- An entry for the target architecture in `readings.html` on the GCC web site, with any relevant links.
- Details of the properties of the back end and target architecture in `backends.html` on the GCC web site.
- A news item about the contribution of support for that target architecture, in `index.html` on the GCC web site.
- Normally, one or more maintainers of that target listed in `MAINTAINERS`. Some existing architectures may be unmaintained, but it would be unusual to add support for a target that does not have a maintainer when support is added.
- Target triplets covering all `config.gcc` stanzas for the target, in the list in `contrib/config-list.mk`.









- for at least one of the option strings in *include-opts*, every option from that string is in the set of options with which the test would be compiled; use “\*” for an *include-opts* list that matches any options; that is the default if *include-opts* is not specified
- for each of the option strings in *exclude-opts*, at least one option from that string is not in the set of options with which the test would be compiled; use “” for an empty *exclude-opts* list; that is the default if *exclude-opts* is not specified

For example, to skip a test if option `-Os` is present:

```
/* { dg-skip-if "" { *-*-* } { "-Os" } { "" } } */
```

To skip a test if both options `-O2` and `-g` are present:

```
/* { dg-skip-if "" { *-*-* } { "-O2 -g" } { "" } } */
```

To skip a test if either `-O2` or `-O3` is present:

```
/* { dg-skip-if "" { *-*-* } { "-O2" "-O3" } { "" } } */
```

To skip a test unless option `-Os` is present:

```
/* { dg-skip-if "" { *-*-* } { "*" } { "-Os" } } */
```

To skip a test if either `-O2` or `-O3` is used with `-g` but not if `-fpic` is also present:

```
/* { dg-skip-if "" { *-*-* } { "-O2 -g" "-O3 -g" } { "-fpic" } } */
```

**{ dg-require-effective-target keyword [{ target selector }] }**

Skip the test if the test target, including current multilib flags, is not covered by the effective-target keyword. If the directive includes the optional ‘{ selector }’ then the effective-target test is only performed if the target system matches the *selector*. This directive must appear after any **dg-do** directive in the test and before any **dg-additional-sources** directive. See Section 6.2.3 [Effective-Target Keywords], page 88.

**{ dg-require-support args }**

Skip the test if the target does not provide the required support. These directives must appear after any **dg-do** directive in the test and before any **dg-additional-sources** directive. They require at least one argument, which can be an empty string if the specific procedure does not examine the argument. See Section 6.2.6 [Require Support], page 118, for a complete list of these directives.

### 6.2.1.5 Expect a test to fail for some targets

**{ dg-xfail-if comment { selector } [{ include-opts } [{ exclude-opts }]] }**

Expect the test to fail if the conditions (which are the same as for **dg-skip-if**) are met. This does not affect the execute step.

**{ dg-xfail-run-if comment { selector } [{ include-opts } [{ exclude-opts }]] }**

Expect the execute step of a test to fail if the conditions (which are the same as for **dg-skip-if**) are met.









`longdouble128`  
Target has 128-bit `long double`.

`int32plus`  
Target has `int` that is at 32 bits or longer.

`int16`  
Target has `int` that is 16 bits or shorter.

`longlong64`  
Target has 64-bit `long long`.

`long_neq_int`  
Target has `int` and `long` with different sizes.

`short_eq_int`  
Target has `short` and `int` with the same size.

`ptr_eq_short`  
Target has pointers (`void *`) and `short` with the same size.

`int_eq_float`  
Target has `int` and `float` with the same size.

`ptr_eq_long`  
Target has pointers (`void *`) and `long` with the same size.

`large_double`  
Target supports `double` that is longer than `float`.

`large_long_double`  
Target supports `long double` that is longer than `double`.

`ptr32plus`  
Target has pointers that are 32 bits or longer.

`size20plus`  
Target has a 20-bit or larger address space, so supports at least 16-bit array and structure sizes.

`size24plus`  
Target has a 24-bit or larger address space, so supports at least 20-bit array and structure sizes.

`size32plus`  
Target has a 32-bit or larger address space, so supports at least 24-bit array and structure sizes.

`4byte_wchar_t`  
Target has `wchar_t` that is at least 4 bytes.

`floatn`  
Target has the `_Floatn` type.

`floatnx`  
Target has the `_Floatnx` type.

`floatn_runtime`  
Target has the `_Floatn` type, including runtime support for any options added with `dg-add-options`.























































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































## 24 Link Time Optimization

Link Time Optimization (LTO) gives GCC the capability of dumping its internal representation (GIMPLE) to disk, so that all the different compilation units that make up a single executable can be optimized as a single module. This expands the scope of inter-procedural optimizations to encompass the whole program (or, rather, everything that is visible at link time).

### 24.1 Design Overview

Link time optimization is implemented as a GCC front end for a bytecode representation of GIMPLE that is emitted in special sections of `.o` files. Currently, LTO support is enabled in most ELF-based systems, as well as darwin, cygwin and mingw systems.

By default, object files generated with LTO support contain only GIMPLE bytecode. Such objects are called “slim”, and they require that tools like `ar` and `nm` understand symbol tables of LTO sections. For most targets these tools have been extended to use the plugin infrastructure, so GCC can support “slim” objects consisting of the intermediate code alone.

GIMPLE bytecode could also be saved alongside final object code if the `-ffat-lto-objects` option is passed, or if no plugin support is detected for `ar` and `nm` when GCC is configured. It makes the object files generated with LTO support larger than regular object files. This “fat” object format allows to ship one set of fat objects which could be used both for development and the production of optimized builds. A, perhaps surprising, side effect of this feature is that any mistake in the toolchain leads to LTO information not being used (e.g. an older `libtool` calling `ld` directly). This is both an advantage, as the system is more robust, and a disadvantage, as the user is not informed that the optimization has been disabled.

At the highest level, LTO splits the compiler in two. The first half (the “writer”) produces a streaming representation of all the internal data structures needed to optimize and generate code. This includes declarations, types, the callgraph and the GIMPLE representation of function bodies.

When `-flto` is given during compilation of a source file, the pass manager executes all the passes in `all_lto_gen_passes`. Currently, this phase is composed of two IPA passes:

- `pass_ipa_lto_gimple_out` This pass executes the function `lto_output` in `lto-streamer-out.cc`, which traverses the call graph encoding every reachable declaration, type and function. This generates a memory representation of all the file sections described below.
- `pass_ipa_lto_finish_out` This pass executes the function `produce_asm_for_decls` in `lto-streamer-out.cc`, which takes the memory image built in the previous pass and encodes it in the corresponding ELF file sections.

The second half of LTO support is the “reader”. This is implemented as the GCC front end `lto1` in `lto/lto.cc`. When `collect2` detects a link set of `.o/.a` files with LTO information and the `-flto` is enabled, it invokes `lto1` which reads the set of files and aggregates them into a single translation unit for optimization. The main entry point for the reader is `lto/lto.cc:lto_main`.

### 24.1.1 LTO modes of operation

One of the main goals of the GCC link-time infrastructure was to allow effective compilation of large programs. For this reason GCC implements two link-time compilation modes.

1. *LTO mode*, in which the whole program is read into the compiler at link-time and optimized in a similar way as if it were a single source-level compilation unit.
2. *WHOPR or partitioned mode*, designed to utilize multiple CPUs and/or a distributed compilation environment to quickly link large applications. WHOPR stands for WHOLE Program optimizer (not to be confused with the semantics of `-fwhole-program`). It partitions the aggregated callgraph from many different `.o` files and distributes the compilation of the sub-graphs to different CPUs.

Note that distributed compilation is not implemented yet, but since the parallelism is facilitated via generating a `Makefile`, it would be easy to implement.

WHOPR splits LTO into three main stages:

1. Local generation (LGEN) This stage executes in parallel. Every file in the program is compiled into the intermediate language and packaged together with the local call-graph and summary information. This stage is the same for both the LTO and WHOPR compilation mode.
2. Whole Program Analysis (WPA) WPA is performed sequentially. The global call-graph is generated, and a global analysis procedure makes transformation decisions. The global call-graph is partitioned to facilitate parallel optimization during phase 3. The results of the WPA stage are stored into new object files which contain the partitions of program expressed in the intermediate language and the optimization decisions.
3. Local transformations (LTRANS) This stage executes in parallel. All the decisions made during phase 2 are implemented locally in each partitioned object file, and the final object code is generated. Optimizations which cannot be decided efficiently during the phase 2 may be performed on the local call-graph partitions.

WHOPR can be seen as an extension of the usual LTO mode of compilation. In LTO, WPA and LTRANS are executed within a single execution of the compiler, after the whole program has been read into memory.

When compiling in WHOPR mode, the callgraph is partitioned during the WPA stage. The whole program is split into a given number of partitions of roughly the same size. The compiler tries to minimize the number of references which cross partition boundaries. The main advantage of WHOPR is to allow the parallel execution of LTRANS stages, which are the most time-consuming part of the compilation process. Additionally, it avoids the need to load the whole program into memory.

## 24.2 LTO file sections

LTO information is stored in several ELF sections inside object files. Data structures and enum codes for sections are defined in `lto-streamer.h`.

These sections are emitted from `lto-streamer-out.cc` and mapped in all at once from `lto/lto.cc:lto_file_read`. The individual functions dealing with the reading/writing of each section are described below.

- Command line options (`.gnu.lto_.opts`)

This section contains the command line options used to generate the object files. This is used at link time to determine the optimization level and other settings when they are not explicitly specified at the linker command line.

Most options are recorded at a per function level and their setting restored when processing the functions at link time. Global options are composed from options specified at compile time and link time. How exactly they are combined or mismatches diagnosed is implemented in `lto-wrapper.cc:find_and_merge_options`.

- Symbol table (`.gnu.lto_.symtab`)

This table replaces the ELF symbol table for functions and variables represented in the LTO IL. Symbols used and exported by the optimized assembly code of “fat” objects might not match the ones used and exported by the intermediate code. This table is necessary because the intermediate code is less optimized and thus requires a separate symbol table.

Additionally, the binary code in the “fat” object will lack a call to a function, since the call was optimized out at compilation time after the intermediate language was streamed out. In some special cases, the same optimization may not happen during link-time optimization. This would lead to an undefined symbol if only one symbol table was used.

The symbol table is emitted in `lto-streamer-out.cc:produce_symtab`.

- Global declarations and types (`.gnu.lto_.decls`)

This section contains an intermediate language dump of all declarations and types required to represent the callgraph, static variables and top-level debug info.

The contents of this section are emitted in `lto-streamer-out.cc:produce_asm_for_decls`. Types and symbols are emitted in a topological order that preserves the sharing of pointers when the file is read back in (`lto.cc:read_cgraph_and_symbols`).

- The callgraph (`.gnu.lto_.cgraph`)

This section contains the basic data structure used by the GCC inter-procedural optimization infrastructure. This section stores an annotated multi-graph which represents the functions and call sites as well as the variables, aliases and top-level `asm` statements. This section is emitted in `lto-streamer-out.cc:output_cgraph` and read in `lto-cgraph.cc:input_cgraph`.

- IPA references (`.gnu.lto_.refs`)

This section contains references between function and static variables. It is emitted by `lto-cgraph.cc:output_refs` and read by `lto-cgraph.cc:input_refs`.

- Function bodies (`.gnu.lto_.function_body.<name>`)

This section contains function bodies in the intermediate language representation. Every function body is in a separate section to allow copying of the section independently to different object files or reading the function on demand.

Functions are emitted in `lto-streamer-out.cc:output_function` and read in `lto-streamer-in.cc:input_function`.

- Static variable initializers (`.gnu.lto_.vars`)

This section contains all the symbols in the global variable pool. It is emitted by `lto-cgraph.cc:output_varpool` and read in `lto-cgraph.cc:input_cgraph`.

- Summaries and optimization summaries used by IPA passes (`.gnu.lto_.<xxx>`, where `<xxx>` is one of `jmpfuncs`, `pureconst` or `reference`)

These sections are used by IPA passes that need to emit summary information during LTO generation to be read and aggregated at link time. Each pass is responsible for implementing two pass manager hooks: one for writing the summary and another for reading it in. The format of these sections is entirely up to each individual pass. The only requirement is that the writer and reader hooks agree on the format.

## 24.3 Using summary information in IPA passes

Programs are represented internally as a *callgraph* (a multi-graph where nodes are functions and edges are call sites) and a *varpool* (a list of static and external variables in the program).

The inter-procedural optimization is organized as a sequence of individual passes, which operate on the callgraph and the varpool. To make the implementation of WHOPR possible, every inter-procedural optimization pass is split into several stages that are executed at different times during WHOPR compilation:

- LGEN time
  1. *Generate summary* (`generate_summary` in `struct ipa_opt_pass_d`). This stage analyzes every function body and variable initializer is examined and stores relevant information into a pass-specific data structure.
  2. *Write summary* (`write_summary` in `struct ipa_opt_pass_d`). This stage writes all the pass-specific information generated by `generate_summary`. Summaries go into their own `LTO_section_*` sections that have to be declared in `lto-streamer.h:enum lto_section_type`. A new section is created by calling `create_output_block` and data can be written using the `lto_output_*` routines.
- WPA time
  1. *Read summary* (`read_summary` in `struct ipa_opt_pass_d`). This stage reads all the pass-specific information in exactly the same order that it was written by `write_summary`.
  2. *Execute* (`execute` in `struct opt_pass`). This performs inter-procedural propagation. This must be done without actual access to the individual function bodies or variable initializers. Typically, this results in a transitive closure operation over the summary information of all the nodes in the callgraph.
  3. *Write optimization summary* (`write_optimization_summary` in `struct ipa_opt_pass_d`). This writes the result of the inter-procedural propagation into the object file. This can use the same data structures and helper routines used in `write_summary`.
- LTRANS time
  1. *Read optimization summary* (`read_optimization_summary` in `struct ipa_opt_pass_d`). The counterpart to `write_optimization_summary`. This reads the interprocedural optimization decisions in exactly the same format emitted by `write_optimization_summary`.
  2. *Transform* (`function_transform` and `variable_transform` in `struct ipa_opt_pass_d`). The actual function bodies and variable initializers are updated based on the information passed down from the *Execute* stage.

The implementation of the inter-procedural passes are shared between LTO, WHOPR and classic non-LTO compilation.

- During the traditional file-by-file mode every pass executes its own *Generate summary*, *Execute*, and *Transform* stages within the single execution context of the compiler.
- In LTO compilation mode, every pass uses *Generate summary* and *Write summary* stages at compilation time, while the *Read summary*, *Execute*, and *Transform* stages are executed at link time.
- In WHOPR mode all stages are used.

To simplify development, the GCC pass manager differentiates between normal inter-procedural passes (see Section 8.4.2 [Regular IPA passes], page 148), small inter-procedural passes (see Section 8.4.1 [Small IPA passes], page 147) and late inter-procedural passes (see Section 8.4.3 [Late IPA passes], page 150). A small or late IPA pass (`SIMPLE_IPA_PASS`) does everything at once and thus cannot be executed during WPA in WHOPR mode. It defines only the *Execute* stage and during this stage it accesses and modifies the function bodies. Such passes are useful for optimization at LGEN or LTRANS time and are used, for example, to implement early optimization before writing object files. The simple inter-procedural passes can also be used for easier prototyping and development of a new inter-procedural pass.

### 24.3.1 Virtual clones

One of the main challenges of introducing the WHOPR compilation mode was addressing the interactions between optimization passes. In LTO compilation mode, the passes are executed in a sequence, each of which consists of analysis (or *Generate summary*), propagation (or *Execute*) and *Transform* stages. Once the work of one pass is finished, the next pass sees the updated program representation and can execute. This makes the individual passes dependent on each other.

In WHOPR mode all passes first execute their *Generate summary* stage. Then summary writing marks the end of the LGEN stage. At WPA time, the summaries are read back into memory and all passes run the *Execute* stage. Optimization summaries are streamed and sent to LTRANS, where all the passes execute the *Transform* stage.

Most optimization passes split naturally into analysis, propagation and transformation stages. But some do not. The main problem arises when one pass performs changes and the following pass gets confused by seeing different callgraphs between the *Transform* stage and the *Generate summary* or *Execute* stage. This means that the passes are required to communicate their decisions with each other.

To facilitate this communication, the GCC callgraph infrastructure implements *virtual clones*, a method of representing the changes performed by the optimization passes in the callgraph without needing to update function bodies.

A *virtual clone* in the callgraph is a function that has no associated body, just a description of how to create its body based on a different function (which itself may be a virtual clone).

The description of function modifications includes adjustments to the function's signature (which allows, for example, removing or adding function arguments), substitutions to perform on the function body, and, for inlined functions, a pointer to the function that it will be inlined into.

It is also possible to redirect any edge of the callgraph from a function to its virtual clone. This implies updating of the call site to adjust for the new function signature.

Most of the transformations performed by inter-procedural optimizations can be represented via virtual clones. For instance, a constant propagation pass can produce a virtual clone of the function which replaces one of its arguments by a constant. The inliner can represent its decisions by producing a clone of a function whose body will be later integrated into a given function.

Using *virtual clones*, the program can be easily updated during the *Execute* stage, solving most of pass interactions problems that would otherwise occur during *Transform*.

Virtual clones are later materialized in the LTRANS stage and turned into real functions. Passes executed after the virtual clone were introduced also perform their *Transform* stage on new functions, so for a pass there is no significant difference between operating on a real function or a virtual clone introduced before its *Execute* stage.

Optimization passes then work on virtual clones introduced before their *Execute* stage as if they were real functions. The only difference is that clones are not visible during the *Generate Summary* stage.

To keep function summaries updated, the callgraph interface allows an optimizer to register a callback that is called every time a new clone is introduced as well as when the actual function or variable is generated or when a function or variable is removed. These hooks are registered in the *Generate summary* stage and allow the pass to keep its information intact until the *Execute* stage. The same hooks can also be registered during the *Execute* stage to keep the optimization summaries updated for the *Transform* stage.

### 24.3.2 IPA references

GCC represents IPA references in the callgraph. For a function or variable *A*, the *IPA reference* is a list of all locations where the address of *A* is taken and, when *A* is a variable, a list of all direct stores and reads to/from *A*. References represent an oriented multi-graph on the union of nodes of the callgraph and the varpool. See `ipa-reference.cc:ipa_reference_write_optimization_summary` and `ipa-reference.cc:ipa_reference_read_optimization_summary` for details.

### 24.3.3 Jump functions

Suppose that an optimization pass sees a function *A* and it knows the values of (some of) its arguments. The *jump function* describes the value of a parameter of a given function call in function *A* based on this knowledge.

Jump functions are used by several optimizations, such as the inter-procedural constant propagation pass and the devirtualization pass. The inliner also uses jump functions to perform inlining of callbacks.

## 24.4 Whole program assumptions, linker plugin and symbol visibilities

Link-time optimization gives relatively minor benefits when used alone. The problem is that propagation of inter-procedural information does not work well across functions and variables that are called or referenced by other compilation units (such as from a dynamically linked library). We say that such functions and variables are *externally visible*.

To make the situation even more difficult, many applications organize themselves as a set of shared libraries, and the default ELF visibility rules allow one to overwrite any externally visible symbol with a different symbol at runtime. This basically disables any optimizations across such functions and variables, because the compiler cannot be sure that the function body it is seeing is the same function body that will be used at runtime. Any function or variable not declared `static` in the sources degrades the quality of inter-procedural optimization.

To avoid this problem the compiler must assume that it sees the whole program when doing link-time optimization. Strictly speaking, the whole program is rarely visible even at link-time. Standard system libraries are usually linked dynamically or not provided with the link-time information. In GCC, the whole program option (`-fwhole-program`) asserts that every function and variable defined in the current compilation unit is static, except for function `main` (note: at link time, the current unit is the union of all objects compiled with LTO). Since some functions and variables need to be referenced externally, for example by another DSO or from an assembler file, GCC also provides the function and variable attribute `externally_visible` which can be used to disable the effect of `-fwhole-program` on a specific symbol.

The whole program mode assumptions are slightly more complex in C++, where inline functions in headers are put into *COMDAT* sections. COMDAT function and variables can be defined by multiple object files and their bodies are unified at link-time and dynamic link-time. COMDAT functions are changed to local only when their address is not taken and thus un-sharing them with a library is not harmful. COMDAT variables always remain externally visible, however for readonly variables it is assumed that their initializers cannot be overwritten by a different value.

GCC provides the function and variable attribute `visibility` that can be used to specify the visibility of externally visible symbols (or alternatively an `-fdefault-visibility` command line option). ELF defines the `default`, `protected`, `hidden` and `internal` visibilities.

The most commonly used is visibility is `hidden`. It specifies that the symbol cannot be referenced from outside of the current shared library. Unfortunately, this information cannot be used directly by the link-time optimization in the compiler since the whole shared library also might contain non-LTO objects and those are not visible to the compiler.

GCC solves this problem using linker plugins. A *linker plugin* is an interface to the linker that allows an external program to claim the ownership of a given object file. The linker then performs the linking procedure by querying the plugin about the symbol table of the claimed objects and once the linking decisions are complete, the plugin is allowed to provide the final object file before the actual linking is made. The linker plugin obtains the symbol resolution information which specifies which symbols provided by the claimed objects are bound from the rest of a binary being linked.

GCC is designed to be independent of the rest of the toolchain and aims to support linkers without plugin support. For this reason it does not use the linker plugin by default. Instead, the object files are examined by `collect2` before being passed to the linker and objects found to have LTO sections are passed to `lto1` first. This mode does not work for library archives. The decision on what object files from the archive are needed depends on the actual linking and thus GCC would have to implement the linker itself. The resolution information is missing too and thus GCC needs to make an educated guess based on `-fwhole-program`.

Without the linker plugin GCC also assumes that symbols are declared `hidden` and not referred by non-LTO code by default.

## 24.5 Internal flags controlling `lto1`

The following flags are passed into `lto1` and are not meant to be used directly from the command line.

- `-fwpa` This option runs the serial part of the link-time optimizer performing the inter-procedural propagation (WPA mode). The compiler reads in summary information from all inputs and performs an analysis based on summary information only. It generates object files for subsequent runs of the link-time optimizer where individual object files are optimized using both summary information from the WPA mode and the actual function bodies. It then drives the LTRANS phase.
- `-fltrans` This option runs the link-time optimizer in the local-transformation (LTRANS) mode, which reads in output from a previous run of the LTO in WPA mode. In the LTRANS mode, LTO optimizes an object and produces the final assembly.
- `-fltrans-output-list=file` This option specifies a file to which the names of LTRANS output files are written. This option is only meaningful in conjunction with `-fwpa`.
- `-fresolution=file` This option specifies the linker resolution file. This option is only meaningful in conjunction with `-fwpa` and as option to pass through to the LTO linker plugin.

## 25 Match and Simplify

The GIMPLE and GENERIC pattern matching project match-and-simplify tries to address several issues.

1. unify expression simplifications currently spread and duplicated over separate files like fold-const.cc, gimple-fold.cc and builtins.cc
2. allow for a cheap way to implement building and simplifying non-trivial GIMPLE expressions, avoiding the need to go through building and simplifying GENERIC via fold\_buildN and then gimplifying via force\_gimple\_operand

To address these the project introduces a simple domain-specific language to write expression simplifications from which code targeting GIMPLE and GENERIC is auto-generated. The GENERIC variant follows the fold\_buildN API while for the GIMPLE variant and to address 2) new APIs are introduced.

### 25.1 GIMPLE API

```
tree gimple_simplify (enum tree_code, tree, tree,      [GIMPLE function]
                     gimple_seq *, tree (*)(tree))
tree gimple_simplify (enum tree_code, tree, tree,      [GIMPLE function]
                     tree, gimple_seq *, tree (*)(tree))
tree gimple_simplify (enum tree_code, tree, tree,      [GIMPLE function]
                     tree, tree, gimple_seq *, tree (*)(tree))
tree gimple_simplify (enum built_in_function, tree,    [GIMPLE function]
                     tree, gimple_seq *, tree (*)(tree))
tree gimple_simplify (enum built_in_function, tree,    [GIMPLE function]
                     tree, tree, gimple_seq *, tree (*)(tree))
tree gimple_simplify (enum built_in_function, tree,    [GIMPLE function]
                     tree, tree, tree, gimple_seq *, tree (*)(tree))
```

The main GIMPLE API entry to the expression simplifications mimicking that of the GENERIC fold\_{unary,binary,ternary} functions.

thus providing n-ary overloads for operation or function. The additional arguments are a gimple\_seq where built statements are inserted on (if NULL then simplifications requiring new statements are not performed) and a valueization hook that can be used to tie simplifications to a SSA lattice.

In addition to those APIs fold\_stmt is overloaded with a valueization hook:

```
fold_stmt (gimple_stmt_iterator *, tree (*)(tree));      [bool]
```

On top of these a fold\_buildN-like API for GIMPLE is introduced:

```
tree gimple_build (gimple_seq *, location_t, enum      [GIMPLE function]
                  tree_code, tree, tree, tree (*valueize) (tree) = NULL);
tree gimple_build (gimple_seq *, location_t, enum      [GIMPLE function]
                  tree_code, tree, tree, tree (*valueize) (tree) = NULL);
tree gimple_build (gimple_seq *, location_t, enum      [GIMPLE function]
                  tree_code, tree, tree, tree, tree (*valueize) (tree) =
                  NULL);
```

```

tree gimple_build (gimple_seq *, location_t, enum      [GIMPLE function]
                  built_in_function, tree, tree, tree (*valueize) (tree) =
                  NULL);
tree gimple_build (gimple_seq *, location_t, enum      [GIMPLE function]
                  built_in_function, tree, tree, tree, tree (*valueize) (tree) =
                  NULL);
tree gimple_build (gimple_seq *, location_t, enum      [GIMPLE function]
                  built_in_function, tree, tree, tree, tree, tree (*valueize)
                  (tree) = NULL);
tree gimple_convert (gimple_seq *, location_t,          [GIMPLE function]
                    tree, tree);

```

which is supposed to replace `force_gimple_operand (fold_buildN (...), ...)` and calls to `fold_convert`. Overloads without the `location_t` argument exist. Built statements are inserted on the provided sequence and simplification is performed using the optional valueization hook.

## 25.2 The Language

The language in which to write expression simplifications resembles other domain-specific languages GCC uses. Thus it is lisp-y. Let's start with an example from the `match.pd` file:

```

(simplify
  (bit_and @0 integer_all_onesp)
  @0)

```

This example contains all required parts of an expression simplification. A simplification is wrapped inside a `(simplify ...)` expression. That contains at least two operands - an expression that is matched with the GIMPLE or GENERIC IL and a replacement expression that is returned if the match was successful.

Expressions have an operator ID, `bit_and` in this case. Expressions can be lower-case tree codes with `_expr` stripped off or builtin function code names in all-caps, like `BUILT_IN_SQRT`.

`@n` denotes a so-called capture. It captures the operand and lets you refer to it in other places of the match-and-simplify. In the above example it is referred to in the replacement expression. Captures are `@` followed by a number or an identifier.

```

(simplify
  (bit_xor @0 @0)
  { build_zero_cst (type); })

```

In this example `@0` is mentioned twice which constrains the matched expression to have two equal operands. Usually matches are constrained to equal types. If operands may be constants and conversions are involved, matching by value might be preferred in which case use `@@0` to denote a by-value match and the specific operand you want to refer to in the result part. This example also introduces operands written in C code. These can be used in the expression replacements and are supposed to evaluate to a tree node which has to be a valid GIMPLE operand (so you cannot generate expressions in C code).

```

(simplify
  (trunc_mod integer_zerop@0 @1)
  (if (!integer_zerop (@1))
    @0))

```

Here `@0` captures the first operand of the `trunc_mod` expression which is also predicated with `integer_zerop`. Expression operands may be either expressions, predicates or captures. Captures can be unconstrained or capture expressions or predicates.

This example introduces an optional operand of `simplify`, the `if-expression`. This condition is evaluated after the expression matched in the IL and is required to evaluate to true to enable the replacement expression in the second operand position. The expression operand of the `if` is a standard C expression which may contain references to captures. The `if` has an optional third operand which may contain the replacement expression that is enabled when the condition evaluates to false.

A `if` expression can be used to specify a common condition for multiple `simplify` patterns, avoiding the need to repeat that multiple times:

```
(if (!TYPE_SATURATING (type)
    && !FLOAT_TYPE_P (type) && !FIXED_POINT_TYPE_P (type))
  (simplify
    (minus (plus @0 @1) @0)
    @1)
  (simplify
    (minus (minus @0 @1) @0)
    (negate @1)))
```

Note that `ifs` in outer position do not have the optional `else` clause but instead have multiple `then` clauses.

`ifs` can be nested.

There exists a `switch` expression which can be used to chain conditions avoiding nesting `ifs` too much:

```
(simplify
  (simple_comparison @0 REAL_CST@1)
  (switch
    /* a CMP (-0) -> a CMP 0 */
    (if (REAL_VALUE_MINUS_ZERO (TREE_REAL_CST (@1)))
      (cmp @0 { build_real (TREE_TYPE (@1), dconst0); })))
    /* x != NaN is always true, other ops are always false. */
    (if (REAL_VALUE_ISNAN (TREE_REAL_CST (@1))
        && !HONOR_SNANS (@1))
      { constant_boolean_node (cmp == NE_EXPR, type); })))
```

Is equal to

```
(simplify
  (simple_comparison @0 REAL_CST@1)
  (switch
    /* a CMP (-0) -> a CMP 0 */
    (if (REAL_VALUE_MINUS_ZERO (TREE_REAL_CST (@1)))
      (cmp @0 { build_real (TREE_TYPE (@1), dconst0); })))
    /* x != NaN is always true, other ops are always false. */
    (if (REAL_VALUE_ISNAN (TREE_REAL_CST (@1))
        && !HONOR_SNANS (@1))
      { constant_boolean_node (cmp == NE_EXPR, type); }))))
```

which has the second `if` in the `else` operand of the first. The `switch` expression takes `if` expressions as operands (which may not have `else` clauses) and as a last operand a replacement expression which should be enabled by default if no other condition evaluated to true.

Captures can also be used for capturing results of sub-expressions.

```
#if GIMPLE
```

```

(simplify
  (pointer_plus (addr@2 @0) INTEGER_CST_P@1)
  (if (is_gimple_min_invariant (@2)))
  {
    poly_int64 off;
    tree base = get_addr_base_and_unit_offset (@0, &off);
    off += tree_to_uhwi (@1);
    /* Now with that we should be able to simply write
       (addr (mem_ref (addr @base) (plus @off @1))) */
    build1 (ADDR_EXPR, type,
            build2 (MEM_REF, TREE_TYPE (TREE_TYPE (@2)),
                    build_fold_addr_expr (base),
                    build_int_cst (ptr_type_node, off)));
  })
#endif

```

In the above example, @2 captures the result of the expression (addr @0). For the outermost expression only its type can be captured, and the keyword `type` is reserved for this purpose. The above example also gives a way to conditionalize patterns to only apply to GIMPLE or GENERIC by means of using the pre-defined preprocessor macros GIMPLE and GENERIC and using preprocessor directives.

```

(simplify
  (bit_and:c integral_op_p@0 (bit_ior:c (bit_not @0) @1))
  (bit_and @1 @0))

```

Here we introduce flags on match expressions. The flag used above, `c`, denotes that the expression should be also matched commutated. Thus the above match expression is really the following four match expressions:

```

(bit_and integral_op_p@0 (bit_ior (bit_not @0) @1))
(bit_and (bit_ior (bit_not @0) @1) integral_op_p@0)
(bit_and integral_op_p@0 (bit_ior @1 (bit_not @0)))
(bit_and (bit_ior @1 (bit_not @0)) integral_op_p@0)

```

Usual canonicalizations you know from GENERIC expressions are applied before matching, so for example constant operands always come second in commutative expressions.

The second supported flag is `s` which tells the code generator to fail the pattern if the expression marked with `s` does have more than one use and the simplification results in an expression with more than one operator. For example in

```

(simplify
  (pointer_plus (pointer_plus:s @0 @1) @3)
  (pointer_plus @0 (plus @1 @3)))

```

this avoids the association if (pointer\_plus @0 @1) is used outside of the matched expression and thus it would stay live and not trivially removed by dead code elimination. Now consider  $((x + 3) + -3)$  with the temporary holding  $(x + 3)$  used elsewhere. This simplifies down to  $x$  which is desirable and thus flagging with `s` does not prevent the transform. Now consider  $((x + 3) + 1)$  which simplifies to  $(x + 4)$ . Despite being flagged with `s` the simplification will be performed. The simplification of  $((x + a) + 1)$  to  $(x + (a + 1))$  will not be performed in this case though.

More features exist to avoid too much repetition.

```

(for op (plus pointer_plus minus bit_ior bit_xor)
  (simplify
    (op @0 integer_zerop)
    @0))

```

A **for** expression can be used to repeat a pattern for each operator specified, substituting **op**. **for** can be nested and a **for** can have multiple operators to iterate.

```
(for opa (plus minus)
  opb (minus plus)
  (for opc (plus minus)
    (simplify...
```

In this example the pattern will be repeated four times with **opa**, **opb**, **opc** being **plus**, **minus**, **plus**; **plus**, **minus**, **minus**; **minus**, **plus**, **plus**; **minus**, **plus**, **minus**.

To avoid repeating operator lists in **for** you can name them via

```
(define_operator_list pmm plus minus mult)
```

and use them in **for** operator lists where they get expanded.

```
(for opa (pmm trunc_div)
  (simplify...
```

So this example iterates over **plus**, **minus**, **mult** and **trunc\_div**.

Using operator lists can also remove the need to explicitly write a **for**. All operator list uses that appear in a **simplify** or **match** pattern in operator positions will implicitly be added to a new **for**. For example

```
(define_operator_list Sqrt BUILT_IN_SQRTF BUILT_IN_SQRT BUILT_IN_SQRTL)
(define_operator_list POW BUILT_IN_POWF BUILT_IN_POW BUILT_IN_POWL)
(simplify
  (Sqrt (Pow @0 @1))
  (Pow (abs @0) (mult @1 { built_real (TREE_TYPE (@1), dconsthalf); })))
```

is the same as

```
(for Sqrt (BUILT_IN_SQRTF BUILT_IN_SQRT BUILT_IN_SQRTL)
  POW (BUILT_IN_POWF BUILT_IN_POW BUILT_IN_POWL)
  (simplify
    (Sqrt (Pow @0 @1))
    (Pow (abs @0) (mult @1 { built_real (TREE_TYPE (@1), dconsthalf); }))))
```

**for**s and operator lists can include the special identifier **null** that matches nothing and can never be generated. This can be used to pad an operator list so that it has a standard form, even if there isn't a suitable operator for every form.

Another building block are **with** expressions in the result expression which nest the generated code in a new C block followed by its argument:

```
(simplify
  (convert (mult @0 @1))
  (with { tree utype = unsigned_type_for (type); }
    (convert (mult (convert:utype @0) (convert:utype @1)))))
```

This allows code nested in the **with** to refer to the declared variables. In the above case we use the feature to specify the type of a generated expression with the **:type** syntax where **type** needs to be an identifier that refers to the desired type. Usually the types of the generated result expressions are determined from the context, but sometimes like in the above case it is required that you specify them explicitly.

Another modifier for generated expressions is **^** which tells the machinery to try more matches for some special cases. For example, normally the **cond** only allows the **gimple** assign when matching. It will also try to match the **gimple PHI** besides **gimple assign** if appending the **^** to the **cond**. Aka **cond^**. Consider below example

```
(match (unsigned_sat_add @0 @1)
  (cond^ (ge (plus:c02 @0 @1) @0) @2 integer_minus_onep))
```

The above matching will generate the predicate function named `gimple_unsigned_sat_add` that accepts both the `gimple` `assign` and `gimple PHI`.

Another modifier for generated expressions is `!` which tells the machinery to only consider the simplification in case the marked expression simplified to a simple operand. Consider for example

```
(simplify
  (plus (vec_cond:s @0 @1 @2) @3)
  (vec_cond @0 (plus! @1 @3) (plus! @2 @3)))
```

which moves the outer `plus` operation to the inner arms of the `vec_cond` expression but only if the actual `plus` operations both simplify. Note that on `GENERIC` a simple operand means that the result satisfies `!EXPR_P` which can be limiting if the operation itself simplifies but the remaining operand is an (unrelated) expression.

As intermediate conversions are often optional there is a way to avoid the need to repeat patterns both with and without such conversions. Namely you can mark a conversion as being optional with a `?`:

```
(simplify
  (eq (convert@0 @1) (convert? @2))
  (eq @1 (convert @2)))
```

which will match both `(eq (convert @1) (convert @2))` and `(eq (convert @1) @2)`. The optional converts are supposed to be all either present or not, thus `(eq (convert? @1) (convert? @2))` will result in two patterns only. If you want to match all four combinations you have access to two additional conditional converts as in `(eq (convert1? @1) (convert2? @2))`.

The support for `?` marking extends to all unary operations including predicates you declare yourself with `match`.

Predicates available from the GCC middle-end need to be made available explicitly via `define_predicates`:

```
(define_predicates
  integer_onep integer_zerop integer_all_onesp)
```

You can also define predicates using the pattern matching language and the `match` form:

```
(match negate_expr_p
  INTEGER_CST
  (if (TYPE_OVERFLOW_WRAPS (type)
      || may_negate_without_overflow_p (t))))
(match negate_expr_p
  (negate @0))
```

This shows that for `match` expressions there is `t` available which captures the outermost expression (something not possible in the `simplify` context). As you can see `match` has an identifier as first operand which is how you refer to the predicate in patterns. Multiple `match` for the same identifier add additional cases where the predicate matches.

Predicates can also match an expression in which case you need to provide a template specifying the identifier and where to get its operands from:

```
(match (logical_inverted_value @0)
  (eq @0 integer_zerop))
(match (logical_inverted_value @0)
  (bit_not truth_valued_p@0))
```

You can use the above predicate like

```
(simplify
```

```
(bit_and @0 (logical_inverted_value @0))  
{ build_zero_cst (type); }
```

Which will match a bitwise and of an operand with its logical inverted value.



## 26 Static Analyzer

### 26.1 Analyzer Internals

#### 26.1.1 Overview

At a high-level, we’re doing coverage-guided symbolic execution of the user’s code.

The analyzer implementation works on the gimple-SSA representation. (I chose this in the hopes of making it easy to work with LTO to do whole-program analysis).

The implementation is read-only: it doesn’t attempt to change anything, just emit warnings.

The gimple representation can be seen using `-fdump-ipa-analyzer`.

**Tip:** If the analyzer ICEs before this is written out, one workaround is to use `--param=analyzer-bb-explosion-factor=0` to force the analyzer to bail out after analyzing the first basic block.

First, we build a directed graph to represent the user’s code. For historical reasons we call this the **supergraph**, although this is now a misnomer as we no longer add callgraph edges to this graph. The nodes and edges in the supergraph are called “supernodes” and “superedges”, and often referred to in code as **snodes** and **sedges**.

We make a node in the supergraph before every gimple statement, with edges representing the transitions between statements within a basic block, along with additional nodes and edges at CFG edges.

The nodes in the supergraph represent locations in the user’s code, and discrete points between operations. The edges represent transitions between these locations. Each edge in the supergraph can have an optional **operation** associated with it, representing a single state transition that occurs along the edge, such as

- individual non-control-flow gimple statements (such as an assignment)
- control flow statements on a CFG edge that impose a condition for the transition to be possible (e.g. a branch of a conditional or a **switch** case)
- the collection of phi nodes at the entry to a basic block, with an associated CFG edge (so that these all take effect simultaneously)
- etc

There can be multiple nodes and edges in the supergraph corresponding to a single CFG edge so that e.g. we can handle filtering states on a condition separately from handling the effect of the phi nodes if the condition was satisfied.

The analyzer in GCC 10 - GCC 15 attempted to have a single supernode per basic block for the sake of efficiency, but given that state transitions can happen mid-block, this became unmaintainable, hence we now have fine-grained nodes with one node/edge per gimple statement.

Having built the supergraph from the CFGs of all of the functions in the user’s code, we manipulate it:

- We fixup locations to try to ensure that every supernode has a reasonable **location\_t** value referring to the location in the user’s source. This is necessary, since in the

gimple IR seen by the analyzer, many gimple statements have no location associated with them.

- We simplify the supergraph to remove redundant nodes and edges, such as those that are simply no-ops that add no useful location information. This can eliminate about 5-10% of the nodes.
- We sort and renumber the nodes into an order that we hope will lead to efficient state merging when exploring the graph (see below).

The supergraph can be seen at each stage using `-fdump-analyzer-supergraph`, which creates a series of `SRC.supergraph.N.KIND.dot` GraphViz files showing the state of the supergraph after each of the above.

We then build an `analysis_plan` which walks the callgraph to determine which calls might be suitable for being summarized (rather than fully explored) and thus in what order to explore the functions.

Next is the heart of the analyzer: we use a worklist to explore state within the supergraph, building an "exploded graph". Nodes in the exploded graph correspond to `<point, state>` pairs, as in "Precise Interprocedural Dataflow Analysis via Graph Reachability" (Thomas Reps, Susan Horwitz and Mooly Sagiv) - but note that we're not using the algorithm described in that paper, just the "exploded graph" terminology.

We reuse nodes for `<point, state>` pairs we've already seen, and avoid tracking state too closely, so that (hopefully) we rapidly converge on a final exploded graph, and terminate the analysis. We also bail out if the number of exploded `<point, state>` nodes gets larger than a particular multiple of the total number of supernodes, (to ensure termination in the face of pathological state-explosion cases, or bugs). We also stop exploring a point once we hit a limit of states for that point.

We can identify problems directly when processing a `<point, state>` instance. For example, if we're finding the successors of

```
<point: before-stmt: "free (ptr);",
  state: {"ptr": freed}>
```

then we can detect a double-free of "ptr". We can then emit a path to reach the problem by finding the simplest route through the graph.

Program points in the analysis are a combination of a supernode together with a "call string" identifying the stack of callsites below them, so that paths in the exploded graph correspond to interprocedurally valid paths: we always return to the correct call site, propagating state information accordingly. We avoid infinite recursion by stopping the analysis if a callsite appears more than `analyzer-max-recursion-depth` in a callstring (defaulting to 2).

### 26.1.2 Graphs

Nodes and edges in the exploded graph are called "exploded nodes" and "exploded edges" and often referred to in the code as `enodes` and `eedges` (especially when distinguishing them from the `snodes` and `sedges` in the supergraph).

Each graph numbers its nodes, giving unique identifiers - supernodes are referred to throughout dumps in the form `'SN': index` and exploded nodes in the form `'EN: index`' (e.g. `'SN: 2'` and `'EN:29'`).

The supergraph can be seen using `-fdump-analyzer-supergraph`.

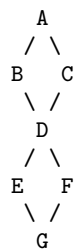
The exploded graph can be seen using `-fdump-analyzer-exploded-graph` and other dump options. Exploded nodes are color-coded in the .dot output based on state-machine states to make it easier to see state changes at a glance.

### 26.1.3 State Tracking

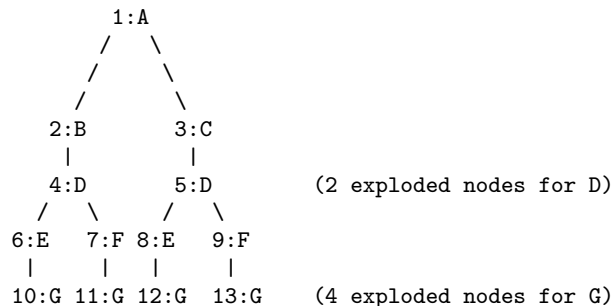
There's a tension between:

- precision of analysis in the straight-line case, vs
- exponential blow-up in the face of control flow.

For example, in general, given this CFG:



we want to avoid differences in state-tracking in B and C from leading to blow-up. If we don't prevent state blowup, we end up with exponential growth of the exploded graph like this:



Similar issues arise with loops.

To prevent this, we follow various approaches:

- a. state pruning: which tries to discard state that won't be relevant later on within the function. This can be disabled via `-fno-analyzer-state-purge`.
- b. state merging. We can try to find the commonality between two `program_state` instances to make a third, simpler `program_state`. We have two strategies here:
  1. the worklist keeps new nodes for the same `program_point` together, and tries to merge them before processing, and thus before they have successors. Hence, in the above, the two nodes for D (4 and 5) reach the front of the worklist together, and we create a node for D with the merger of the incoming states.
  2. try merging with the state of existing enodes for the `program_point` (which may have already been explored). There will be duplication, but only one set of duplication; subsequent duplicates are more likely to hit the cache. In particular,

(hopefully) all merger chains are finite, and so we guarantee termination. This is intended to help with loops: we ought to explore the first iteration, and then have a "subsequent iterations" exploration, which uses a state merged from that of the first, to be more abstract.

We avoid merging pairs of states that have state-machine differences, as these are the kinds of differences that are likely to be most interesting. So, for example, given:

```

if (condition)
    ptr = malloc (size);
else
    ptr = local_buf;

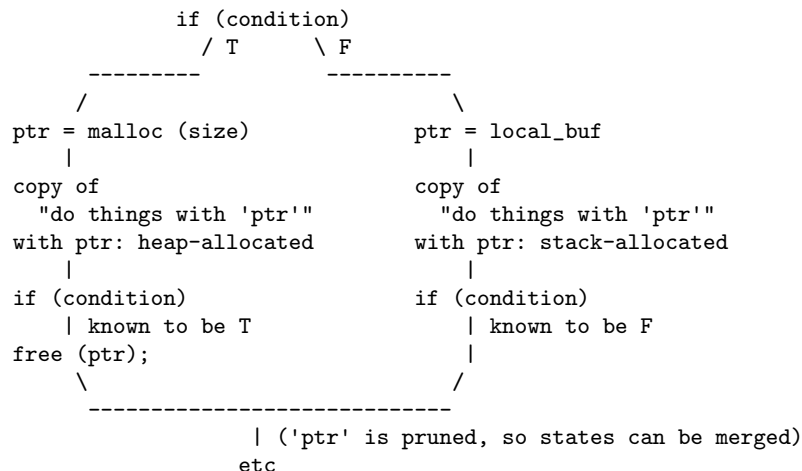
.... do things with 'ptr'

if (condition)
    free (ptr);

...etc

```

then we end up with an exploded graph that looks like this:



where some duplication has occurred, but only for the places where the the different paths are worth exploring separately.

Merging can be disabled via `-fno-analyzer-state-merge`.

### 26.1.4 Region Model

Part of the state stored at a `exploded_node` is a `region_model`. This is an implementation of the region-based ternary model described in "A Memory Model for Static Analysis of C Programs" ([https://www.researchgate.net/publication/221430855\\_A\\_Memory\\_Model\\_for\\_Static\\_Analysis\\_of\\_C\\_Programs](https://www.researchgate.net/publication/221430855_A_Memory_Model_for_Static_Analysis_of_C_Programs)) (Zhongxing Xu, Ted Kremenek, and Jian Zhang).

A `region_model` encapsulates a representation of the state of memory, with a `store` recording a binding between `region` instances, to `svalue` instances. The bindings are organized into clusters, where regions accessible via well-defined pointer arithmetic are in

the same cluster. The representation is graph-like because values can be pointers to regions. It also stores a `constraint_manager`, capturing relationships between the values.

Because each node in the `exploded_graph` has a `region_model`, and each of the latter is graph-like, the `exploded_graph` is in some ways a graph of graphs.

There are several “dump” functions for use when debugging the analyzer.

Consider this example C code:

```
void *
calls_malloc (size_t n)
{
    void *result = malloc (1024);
    return result; /* HERE */
}

void test (size_t n)
{
    void *ptr = calls_malloc (n * 4);
    /* etc. */
}
```

and the state at the point `/* HERE */` for the interprocedural analysis case where `calls_malloc` returns back to `test`.

Here’s an example of printing a `program_state` at `/* HERE */`, showing the `region_model` within it, along with state for the `malloc` state machine.

```
(gdb) break region_model::on_return
[..snip...]
(gdb) run
[..snip...]
(gdb) up
[..snip...]
(gdb) call state->dump()
State
Region Model
Current Frame: frame: 'calls_malloc'@2
Store
  m_called_unknown_fn: false
  frame: 'test'@1
  _1: (INIT_VAL(n_2(D)))*(size_t)4
  frame: 'calls_malloc'@2
  result_4: &HEAP_ALLOCATED_REGION(27)
  _5: &HEAP_ALLOCATED_REGION(27)
Dynamic Extents
  HEAP_ALLOCATED_REGION(27): (INIT_VAL(n_2(D)))*(size_t)4
'malloc' state machine
0x468cb40: &HEAP_ALLOCATED_REGION(27): unchecked ({free}) ('result_4')
```

Within the store, there are bindings clusters for the SSA names for the various local variables within frames for `test` and `calls_malloc`. For example,

- within `test` the whole cluster for `_1` is bound to a `binop_svalue` representing `n * 4`, and
- within `test` the whole cluster for `result_4` is bound to a `region_svalue` pointing at `HEAP_ALLOCATED_REGION(12)`.

Additionally, this latter pointer has the `unchecked` state for the `malloc` state machine indicating it hasn’t yet been checked against `NULL` since the allocation call.

We also see that the state has captured the size of the heap-allocated region (“Dynamic Extents”).

This visualization can also be seen within the output of `-fdump-analyzer-exploded-nodes-2` and `-fdump-analyzer-exploded-nodes-3`.

As well as the above visualizations of states, there are tree-like visualizations for instances of `svalue` and `region`, showing their IDs and how they are constructed from simpler symbols:

```
(gdb) break region_model::set_dynamic_extents
[..snip...]
(gdb) run
[..snip...]
(gdb) up
[..snip...]
(gdb) call size_in_bytes->dump()
(17): 'long unsigned int': binop_svalue(mult_expr: '*')
(15): 'size_t': initial_svalue
      m_reg: (12): 'size_t': decl_region('n_2(D)')
            parent: (9): frame_region('test', index: 0, depth: 1)
                  parent: (1): stack region
                        parent: (0): root region
(16): 'size_t': constant_svalue ('4')
```

i.e. that `size_in_bytes` is a `binop_svalue` expressing the result of multiplying

- the initial value of the `PARAM_DECL n_2(D)` for the parameter `n` within the frame for `test` by
- the constant value 4.

The above visualizations rely on the `text_art::widget` framework, which performs significant work to lay out the output, so there is also an earlier, simpler, form of dumping available. For states there is:

```
(gdb) call state->dump(eg.m_ext_state, true)
rmodel:
stack depth: 2
  frame (index 1): frame: 'calls_malloc'@2
  frame (index 0): frame: 'test'@1
clusters within frame: 'test'@1
  cluster for: _1: (INIT_VAL(n_2(D))*(size_t)4)
clusters within frame: 'calls_malloc'@2
  cluster for: result_4: &HEAP_ALLOCATED_REGION(27)
  cluster for: _5: &HEAP_ALLOCATED_REGION(27)
m_called_unknown_fn: FALSE
constraint_manager:
  equiv classes:
  constraints:
dynamic_extents:
  HEAP_ALLOCATED_REGION(27): (INIT_VAL(n_2(D))*(size_t)4)
malloc:
  0x468cb40: &HEAP_ALLOCATED_REGION(27): unchecked ({free}) ('result_4')
```

or for `region_model` just:

```
(gdb) call state->m_region_model->debug()
stack depth: 2
  frame (index 1): frame: 'calls_malloc'@2
  frame (index 0): frame: 'test'@1
clusters within frame: 'test'@1
```

```

    cluster for: _1: (INIT_VAL(n_2(D))*(size_t)4)
clusters within frame: 'calls_malloc'@2
    cluster for: result_4: &HEAP_ALLOCATED_REGION(27)
    cluster for: _5: &HEAP_ALLOCATED_REGION(27)
m_called_unknown_fn: FALSE
constraint_manager:
    equiv classes:
    constraints:
dynamic_extents:
    HEAP_ALLOCATED_REGION(27): (INIT_VAL(n_2(D))*(size_t)4)

```

and for instances of `svalue` and `region` there is this older dump implementation, which takes a `bool simple` flag controlling the verbosity of the dump:

```

(gdb) call size_in_bytes->dump(true)
(INIT_VAL(n_2(D))*(size_t)4)

(gdb) call size_in_bytes->dump(false)
binop_svalue (mult_expr, initial_svalue('size_t', decl_region(frame_region('test', index: 0, depth: 1), '

```

### 26.1.5 Analyzer Paths

We need to explain to the user what the problem is, and to persuade them that there really is a problem. Hence having a `diagnostics::paths::path` isn't just an incidental detail of the analyzer; it's required.

Paths ought to be:

- interprocedurally-valid
- feasible

Without state-merging, all paths in the exploded graph are feasible (in terms of constraints being satisfied). With state-merging, paths in the exploded graph can be infeasible.

We collate warnings and only emit them for the simplest path e.g. for a bug in a utility function, with lots of routes to calling it, we only emit the simplest path (which could be intraprocedural, if it can be reproduced without a caller).

We thus want to find the shortest feasible path through the exploded graph from the origin to the exploded node at which the diagnostic was saved. Unfortunately, if we simply find the shortest such path and check if it's feasible we might falsely reject the diagnostic, as there might be a longer path that is feasible. Examples include the cases where the diagnostic requires us to go at least once around a loop for a later condition to be satisfied, or where for a later condition to be satisfied we need to enter a suite of code that the simpler path skips.

We attempt to find the shortest feasible path to each diagnostic by first constructing a “trimmed graph” from the exploded graph, containing only those nodes and edges from which there are paths to the target node, and using Dijkstra's algorithm to order the trimmed nodes by minimal distance to the target.

We then use a worklist to iteratively build a “feasible graph” (actually a tree), capturing the pertinent state along each path, in which every path to a “feasible node” is feasible by construction, restricting ourselves to the trimmed graph to ensure we stay on target, and ordering the worklist so that the first feasible path we find to the target node is the shortest possible path. Hence we start by trying the shortest possible path, but if that fails, we explore progressively longer paths, eventually trying iterations through loops. The

exploration is captured in the `feasible_graph`, which can be dumped as a `.dot` file via `-fdump-analyzer-feasibility` to visualize the exploration. The indices of the feasible nodes show the order in which they were created. We effectively explore the tree of feasible paths in order of shortest path until we either find a feasible path to the target node, or hit a limit and give up.

This is something of a brute-force approach, but the trimmed graph hopefully keeps the complexity manageable.

This algorithm can be disabled (for debugging purposes) via `-fno-analyzer-feasibility`, which simply uses the shortest path, and notes if it is infeasible.

The above gives us a shortest feasible `exploded_path` through the `exploded_graph` (a list of `exploded_edge *`). We use this `exploded_path` to build a `diagnostics::paths::path` (a list of `events` for the diagnostic subsystem) - specifically a `checker_path`.

Having built the `checker_path`, we prune it to try to eliminate events that aren't relevant, to minimize how much the user has to read.

After pruning, we notify each event in the path of its ID and record the IDs of interesting events, allowing for events to refer to other events in their descriptions. The `pending_diagnostic` class has various vfuncs to support emitting more precise descriptions, so that e.g.

- a deref-of-unchecked-malloc diagnostic might use:  

```
returning possibly-NULL pointer to 'make_obj' from 'allocator'
```

for a `return_event` to make it clearer how the unchecked value moves from callee back to caller
- a double-free diagnostic might use:  

```
second 'free' here; first 'free' was at (3)
```

and a use-after-free might use  

```
use after 'free' here; memory was freed at (2)
```

At this point we can emit the diagnostic.

### 26.1.6 Limitations

- Only for C so far
- The implementation of call summaries is currently very simplistic.
- Lack of function pointer analysis
- The constraint-handling code assumes reflexivity in some places (that values are equal to themselves), which is not the case for NaN. As a simple workaround, constraints on floating-point values are currently ignored.
- There are various other limitations in the region model (grep for TODO/xfail in the testsuite).
- The `constraint_manager`'s implementation of transitivity is currently too expensive to enable by default and so must be manually enabled via `-fanalyzer-transitivity`).
- The checkers are currently hardcoded and don't allow for user extensibility (e.g. adding allocate/release pairs).
- Although the analyzer's test suite has a proof-of-concept test case for LTO, LTO support hasn't had extensive testing. There are various lang-specific things in the analyzer

that assume C rather than LTO. For example, SSA names are printed to the user in “raw” form, rather than printing the underlying variable name.

## 26.2 Debugging the Analyzer

When debugging the analyzer I normally use all of these options together:

```
./xgcc -B. \
-S \
-fanalyzer \
OTHER_GCC_ARGS \
-wrapper gdb,--args \
-fdump-analyzer-stderr \
-fdump-ipa-analyzer=stderr
```

where:

- `./xgcc -B.` is the usual way to invoke a self-built GCC from within the `BUILDDIR/gcc` subdirectory.
- `-S` so that the driver (`./xgcc`) invokes `cc1`, but doesn't bother running the assembler or linker (since the analyzer runs inside `cc1`).
- `-fanalyzer` enables the analyzer, obviously.
- `-wrapper gdb,--args` invokes `cc1` under the debugger so that I can debug `cc1` and set breakpoints and step through things.
- `-fdump-analyzer-stderr` so that the logging interface is enabled and goes to `stderr`, which often gives valuable context into what's happening when stepping through the analyzer
- `-fdump-ipa-analyzer=stderr` which dumps the GIMPLE IR seen by the analyzer pass to `stderr`

Other useful options:

- `-fdump-analyzer-supergraph` which dumps `SRC.supergraph.N.KIND.dot` GraphViz files that I can look at (with `python-xdot`)
- `-fdump-analyzer-exploded-graph` which dumps a `SRC.eg.dot` GraphViz file
- `-fdump-analyzer-exploded-nodes-2` which dumps a `SRC.eg.txt` file containing the full `exploded_graph`.
- `-fdiagnostics-add-output=experimental-html:show-state-diagrams=yes` which writes out the diagnostics in HTML form, and generates SVG state diagrams visualizing the state of memory at each event (inspired by the “ddd” debugger). These can be seen by pressing ‘j’ and ‘k’ to single-step forward and backward through events. Note that these SVG diagrams are created from an intermediate SARIF directed graph representation generated from `program_state` objects. The SARIF representation can be easier to read - for example, rather than storing the contents of memory via byte offsets, it uses fields for structs and element indexes for arrays, recursively. However it is a different representation, and thus bugs could be hidden by this transformation. Generating the SVG diagrams requires an invocation of “dot” per event, so it noticeably slows down diagnostic emission, hence the opt-in command-line flag. The SARIF and “dot” representations can be seen by `--analyzer_dump_xml` and `--analyzer_dump_dot` below (writing them to `stderr`), or by adding `show-state-diagrams-sarif=yes`

and `show-state-diagrams-dot-src=yes` to the html sink, which shows them within the generated HTML next to the generated SVG.

Assuming that you have the python support scripts for gdb installed (which you should do, it makes debugging GCC much easier), you can use:

```
(gdb) break-on-saved-diagnostic
```

to put a breakpoint at the place where a diagnostic is saved during `exploded_graph` exploration, to see where a particular diagnostic is being saved, and:

```
(gdb) break-on-diagnostic
```

to put a breakpoint at the place where diagnostics are actually emitted.

### 26.2.1 Special Functions for Debugging the Analyzer

The analyzer recognizes various special functions by name, for use in debugging the analyzer, and for use in DejaGnu tests.

The declarations of these functions can be seen in the testsuite in `analyzer-decls.h`. None of these functions are actually implemented in terms of code, merely as `known_function` subclasses (in `gcc/analyzer/kf-analyzer.cc`).

`__analyzer_break`

Add:

```
__analyzer_break ();
```

to the source being analyzed to trigger a breakpoint in the analyzer when that source is reached. By putting a series of these in the source, it's much easier to effectively step through the program state as it's analyzed.

`__analyzer_describe`

The analyzer handles:

```
__analyzer_describe (0, expr);
```

by emitting a warning describing the 2nd argument (which can be of any type), at a verbosity level given by the 1st argument. This is for use when debugging, and may be of use in DejaGnu tests.

`__analyzer_dump`

```
__analyzer_dump ();
```

will dump the copious information about the analyzer's state each time it reaches the call in its traversal of the source.

`__analyzer_dump_capacity`

```
extern void __analyzer_dump_capacity (const void *ptr);
```

will emit a warning describing the capacity of the base region of the region pointed to by the 1st argument.

`__analyzer_dump_dot`

```
__analyzer_dump_dot ();
```

will dump GraphViz `.dot` source to stderr reaches the call in its traversal of the source. This `.dot` source implements a diagram describing the analyzer's state.

`__analyzer_dump_escaped`

```
extern void __analyzer_dump_escaped (void);
```

will emit a warning giving the number of decls that have escaped on this analysis path, followed by a comma-separated list of their names, in alphabetical order.

**\_\_analyzer\_dump\_path**

```
__analyzer_dump_path ();
```

will emit a placeholder “note” diagnostic with a path to that call site, if the analyzer finds a feasible path to it. This can be useful for writing DejaGnu tests for constraint-tracking and feasibility checking.

**\_\_analyzer\_dump\_exploded\_nodes**

For every callsite to `__analyzer_dump_exploded_nodes` the analyzer will emit a warning after it finished the analysis containing information on all of the exploded nodes at that program point.

```
__analyzer_dump_exploded_nodes (0);
```

will output the number of “processed” nodes, and the IDs of both “processed” and “merger” nodes, such as:

```
warning: 2 processed enodes: [EN: 56, EN: 58] merger(s): [EN: 54-55, EN: 57, EN: 59]■
```

With a non-zero argument

```
__analyzer_dump_exploded_nodes (1);
```

it will also dump all of the states within the “processed” nodes.

**\_\_analyzer\_dump\_named\_constant**

When the analyzer sees a call to `__analyzer_dump_named_constant` it will emit a warning describing what is known about the value of a given named constant, for parts of the analyzer that interact with target headers.

For example:

```
__analyzer_dump_named_constant ("O_RDONLY");
```

might lead to the analyzer emitting the warning:

```
warning: named constant 'O_RDONLY' has value '1'
```

**\_\_analyzer\_dump\_region\_model**

```
__analyzer_dump_region_model ();
```

will dump the region\_model’s state to stderr.

**\_\_analyzer\_dump\_state**

```
__analyzer_dump_state ("malloc", ptr);
```

will emit a warning describing the state of the 2nd argument (which can be of any type) with respect to the state machine with a name matching the 1st argument (which must be a string literal). This is for use when debugging, and may be of use in DejaGnu tests.

**\_\_analyzer\_dump\_sarif**

```
__analyzer_dump_sarif ();
```

will dump the copious information about the analyzer’s state each time it reaches the call in its traversal of the source.

**\_\_analyzer\_eval**

```
__analyzer_eval (expr);
```

will emit a warning with text "TRUE", "FALSE" or "UNKNOWN" based on the truthfulness of the argument. This is useful for writing DejaGnu tests.

**\_\_analyzer\_get\_unknown\_ptr**

```
__analyzer_get_unknown_ptr ();
```

will obtain an unknown void \*.

```
__analyzer_get_strlen
    __analyzer_get_strlen (buf);
```

will emit a warning if PTR doesn't point to a null-terminated string. TODO: eventually get the strlen of the buffer (without the optimizer touching it).

### 26.2.2 Other Debugging Techniques

To compare two different exploded graphs, try `-fdump-analyzer-exploded-nodes-2 -fdump-noaddr`. This will dump a `SRC.eg.txt` file containing the full `exploded_graph`. I use `diff -u50 -p` to compare two different such files (e.g. before and after a patch) to find the first place where the two graphs diverge. The option `-fdump-noaddr` will suppress printing pointers within the dumps (which would otherwise hide the real differences with irrelevant churn).

The option `-fdump-analyzer-json` will dump both the supergraph and the exploded graph in compressed JSON form.

One approach when tracking down where a particular bogus state is introduced into the `exploded_graph` is to add custom code to `program_state::validate`.

The debug function `region::is_named_decl_p` can be used when debugging, such as for assertions and conditional breakpoints. For example, when tracking down a bug in handling a decl called `yy_buffer_stack`, I temporarily added a:

```
gcc_assert (!m_base_region->is_named_decl_p ("yy_buffer_stack"));
```

to `binding_cluster::mark_as_escaped` to trap a point where `yy_buffer_stack` was mistakenly being treated as having escaped.

## 27 User Experience Guidelines

To borrow a slogan from Elm (<https://elm-lang.org/news/compiler-as-assistants>),

**Compilers should be assistants, not adversaries.** A compiler should not just detect bugs, it should then help you understand why there is a bug. It should not berate you in a robot voice, it should give you specific hints that help you write better code. Ultimately, a compiler should make programming faster and more fun!

—Evan Czaplicki

This chapter provides guidelines on how to implement diagnostics and command-line options in ways that we hope achieve the above ideal.

### 27.1 Guidelines for Diagnostics

#### 27.1.1 Talk in terms of the user’s code

Diagnostics should be worded in terms of the user’s source code, and the source language, rather than GCC’s own implementation details.

#### 27.1.2 Diagnostics are actionable

A good diagnostic is *actionable*: it should assist the user in taking action.

Consider what an end user will want to do when encountering a diagnostic.

Given an error, an end user will think: “How do I fix this?”

Given a warning, an end user will think:

- “Is this a real problem?”
- “Do I care?”
- if they decide it’s genuine: “How do I fix this?”

A good diagnostic provides pertinent information to allow the user to easily answer the above questions.

#### 27.1.3 The user’s attention is important

A perfect compiler would issue a warning on every aspect of the user’s source code that ought to be fixed, and issue no other warnings. Naturally, this ideal is impossible to achieve.

Warnings should have a good *signal-to-noise ratio*: we should have few *false positives* (falsely issuing a warning when no warning is warranted) and few *false negatives* (failing to issue a warning when one *is* justified).

Note that a false positive can mean, in practice, a warning that the user doesn’t agree with. Ideally a diagnostic should contain enough information to allow the user to make an informed choice about whether they should care (and how to fix it), but a balance must be drawn against overloading the user with irrelevant data.

### 27.1.4 Sometimes the user didn't write the code

GCC is typically used in two different ways:

- Semi-interactive usage: GCC is used as a development tool when the user is writing code, as the “compile” part of the “edit-compile-debug” cycle. The user is actively hacking on the code themselves (perhaps a project they wrote, or someone else's), where they just made a change to the code and want to see what happens, and to be warned about mistakes.
- Batch rebuilds: where the user is recompiling one or more existing packages, and GCC is a detail that's being invoked by various build scripts. Examples include a user trying to bring up an operating system consisting of hundreds of packages on a new CPU architecture, where the packages were written by many different people, or simply rebuilding packages after a dependency changed, where the user is hoping “nothing breaks”, since they are unfamiliar with the code.

Keep both of these styles of usage in mind when implementing diagnostics.

### 27.1.5 Precision of Wording

Provide the user with details that allow them to identify what the problem is. For example, the vaguely-worded message:

```
demo.c:1:1: warning: 'noinline' attribute ignored [-Wattributes]
  1 | int foo __attribute__((noinline));
    | ~~~
```

doesn't tell the user why the attribute was ignored, or what kind of entity the compiler thought the attribute was being applied to (the source location for the diagnostic is also poor; see [discussion of `input_location`], page 788). A better message would be:

```
demo.c:1:24: warning: attribute 'noinline' on variable 'foo' was
ignored [-Wattributes]
  1 | int foo __attribute__((noinline));
    | ~~~ ~~~~~
demo.c:1:24: note: attribute 'noinline' is only applicable to functions
```

which spells out the missing information (and fixes the location information, as discussed below).

The above example uses a note to avoid a combinatorial explosion of possible messages.

### 27.1.6 Try the diagnostic on real-world code

It's worth testing a new warning on many instances of real-world code, written by different people, and seeing what it complains about, and what it doesn't complain about.

This may suggest heuristics that silence common false positives.

It may also suggest ways to improve the precision of the message.

### 27.1.7 Make mismatches clear

Many diagnostics relate to a mismatch between two different places in the user's source code. Examples include:

- a type mismatch, where the type at a usage site does not match the type at a declaration
- the argument count at a call site does not match the parameter count at the declaration

- something is erroneously duplicated (e.g. an error, due to breaking a uniqueness requirement, or a warning, if it's suggestive of a bug)
- an “opened” syntactic construct (such as an open-parenthesis) is not closed

In each case, the diagnostic should indicate **both** pertinent locations (so that the user can easily see the problem and how to fix it).

The standard way to do this is with a note (via `inform`). For example:

```
auto_diagnostic_group d;
if (warning_at (loc, OPT_Wduplicated_cond,
               "duplicated %<if%> condition"))
    inform (EXPR_LOCATION (t), "previously used here");
```

which leads to:

```
demo.c: In function 'test':
demo.c:5:17: warning: duplicated 'if' condition [-Wduplicated-cond]
    5 |     else if (flag > 3)
      |           ~~~~~~
demo.c:3:12: note: previously used here
    3 |     if (flag > 3)
      |     ~~~~~~
```

The `inform` call should be guarded by the return value from the `warning_at` call so that the note isn't emitted when the warning is suppressed.

For cases involving punctuation where the locations might be near each other, they can be conditionally consolidated via `gcc_rich_location::add_location_if_nearby`:

```
auto_diagnostic_group d;
gcc_rich_location richloc (primary_loc);
bool added_secondary = richloc.add_location_if_nearby (secondary_loc);
error_at (&richloc, "main message");
if (!added_secondary)
    inform (secondary_loc, "message for secondary");
```

This will emit either one diagnostic with two locations:

```
demo.c:42:10: error: main message
    (foo)
    ~ ^
```

or two diagnostics:

```
demo.c:42:4: error: main message
    foo)
    ^
demo.c:40:2: note: message for secondary
    (
    ^
```

### 27.1.8 Location Information

GCC's `location_t` type can support both ordinary locations, and locations relating to a macro expansion.

As of GCC 6, ordinary locations changed from supporting just a point in the user's source code to supporting three points: the *caret* location, plus a start and a finish:

```
a = foo && bar;
~~~~~
|   |   |
|   |   finish
```

```

|   caret
start

```

Tokens coming out of libcpp have locations of the form `caret == start`, such as for `foo` here:

```

a = foo && bar;
  ~~~
  | |
  | finish
  caret == start

```

Compound expressions should be reported using the location of the expression as a whole, rather than just of one token within it.

For example, in `-Wformat`, rather than underlining just the first token of a bad argument:

```

printf("hello %i %s", (long)0, "world");
      ~~~
      %li

```

the whole of the expression should be underlined, so that the user can easily identify what is being referred to:

```

printf("hello %i %s", (long)0, "world");
      ~~~~~
      %li

```

Avoid using the `input_location` global, and the diagnostic functions that implicitly use it—use `error_at` and `warning_at` rather than `error` and `warning`, and provide the most appropriate `location_t` value available at that phase of the compilation. It's possible to supply secondary `location_t` values via `rich_location`.

For example, in the example of imprecise wording above, generating the diagnostic using `warning`:

```

// BAD: implicitly uses input_location
warning (OPT_Wattributes, "%qE attribute ignored", name);

```

leads to:

```

// BAD: uses input_location
demo.c:1:1: warning: 'noinline' attribute ignored [-Wattributes]
  1 | int foo __attribute__((noinline));
    | ~~~

```

which thus happened to use the location of the `int` token, rather than that of the attribute. Using `warning_at` with the location of the attribute, providing the location of the declaration in question as a secondary location, and adding a note:

```

auto_diagnostic_group d;
gcc_rich_location richloc (attrib_loc);
richloc.add_range (decl_loc);
if (warning_at (OPT_Wattributes, &richloc,
               "attribute %qE on variable %qE was ignored", name))
    inform (attrib_loc, "attribute %qE is only applicable to functions");

```

would lead to:

```

// OK: use location of attribute, with a secondary location
demo.c:1:24: warning: attribute 'noinline' on variable 'foo' was
ignored [-Wattributes]
  1 | int foo __attribute__((noinline));
    | ~~~~~
demo.c:1:24: note: attribute 'noinline' is only applicable to functions

```

### 27.1.9 Coding Conventions

See the diagnostics section (<https://gcc.gnu.org/codingconventions.html#Diagnostics>) of the GCC coding conventions.

In the C++ front end, when comparing two types in a message, use ‘%H’ and ‘%I’ rather than ‘%T’, as this allows the diagnostics subsystem to highlight differences between template-based types. For example, rather than using ‘%qT’:

```
// BAD: a pair of %qT used in C++ front end for type comparison
error_at (loc, "could not convert %qE from %qT to %qT", expr,
          TREE_TYPE (expr), type);
```

which could lead to:

```
error: could not convert 'map<int, double>()' from 'map<int,double>'
to 'map<int,int>'
```

using ‘%H’ and ‘%I’ (via ‘%qH’ and ‘%qI’):

```
// OK: compare types in C++ front end via %qH and %qI
error_at (loc, "could not convert %qE from %qH to %qI", expr,
          TREE_TYPE (expr), type);
```

allows the above output to be simplified to:

```
error: could not convert 'map<int, double>()' from 'map<[...],double>'
to 'map<[...],int>'
```

where the `double` and `int` are colorized to highlight them.

### 27.1.10 Group logically-related diagnostics

Use `auto_diagnostic_group` when issuing multiple related diagnostics (seen in various examples on this page). This informs the diagnostic subsystem that all diagnostics issued within the lifetime of the `auto_diagnostic_group` are related. For example, `-fdiagnostics-add-output=sarif` will treat the first diagnostic emitted within the group as a top-level diagnostic, and all subsequent diagnostics within the group as its children. Also, if a warning in the group is inhibited at nesting depth `D`, all subsequent notes at that depth or deeper will be inhibited as well, until an error or another warning is emitted, the depth decreases below `D`, or the group is popped.

### 27.1.11 Quoting

Text should be quoted by either using the ‘q’ modifier in a directive such as ‘%qE’, or by enclosing the quoted text in a pair of ‘%<’ and ‘%>’ directives, and never by using explicit quote characters. The directives handle the appropriate quote characters for each language and apply the correct color or highlighting.

The following elements should be quoted in GCC diagnostics:

- Language keywords.
- Tokens.
- Boolean, numerical, character, and string constants that appear in the source code.
- Identifiers, including function, macro, type, and variable names.

Other elements such as numbers that do not refer to numeric constants that appear in the source code should not be quoted. For example, in the message:

```
argument %d of %qE must be a pointer type
```

since the argument number does not refer to a numerical constant in the source code it should not be quoted.

### 27.1.12 Use color consistently when highlighting mismatches

As of GCC 15, the diagnostics subsystem has a concept of “highlight colors”. These should be used to consistently colorize both the text within diagnostic messages and underlined ranges of quoted source when highlighting mismatches, for all messages with a logically-related group of diagnostics.

See `diagnostic-highlight-colors.h` for symbolic names for color codes, covering e.g.

- `highlight_colors::expected` versus `highlight_colors::actual`
- `highlight_colors::lhs` versus `highlight_colors::rhs`

For example, given:

```
error: invalid operands to binary + (have 'S' {aka 'struct s'} and 'T' {aka 'struct t'})
  return callee_4a () + callee_4b ();
      ~~~~~~ ^ ~~~~~~
      |           |
      |           T {aka struct t}
      S {aka struct s}
```

- the text “S {aka struct s}” in the message and the left-hand label in the quoted source should be colorized as `highlight_colors::lhs` (which equates to the color name `highlight-a`)
- the text “T {aka struct t}” in the message and the right-hand label in the quoted source should be colorized as `highlight_colors::rhs` (which equates to the color name `highlight-b`)

Doing so ought to make it easier for the user to understand what the diagnostic is telling them.

When issuing followup `note` diagnostics, all diagnostics within the group should use a consistent scheme to highlight the mismatching elements, so that color contrasts the differences. For example, given:

```
warning: format '%i' expects argument of type 'int', but argument 2 has type 'const char *' [-Wformat=]
279 |   printf("hello " INT_FMT " world", msg);
    |           ~~~~~~ ~~~
    |           |
    |           const char *

note: format string is defined here
278 | #define INT_FMT "%i"
    |           ^^
    |           |
    |           int
    |           %s
```

- the text `%i` and `int` referring to the format string and the expected type due to it should be colorized as `highlight-a` both in the diagnostics message and in the range quoted in the `range`.
- the text `const char *` in the diagnostic message and in the quoted range should be colorized as `highlight-b`.

This can be implemented by using e.g. `highlight_colors::actual` and `highlight_colors::expected` when adding ranges to `rich_location` instances, and e.g. by using the `%e` format code for `pretty_printer` to use a `pp_element *`, and using appropriate member functions of `pp_element` to add colorization.

### 27.1.13 Spelling and Terminology

See the terminology and markup (<https://gcc.gnu.org/codingconventions.html#Spelling>) section of the GCC coding conventions.

### 27.1.14 Fix-it hints

GCC's diagnostic subsystem can emit *fix-it hints*: small suggested edits to the user's source code.

They are printed by default underneath the code in question. They can also be viewed via `-fdiagnostics-generate-patch` and `-fdiagnostics-parseable-fixits`. With the latter, an IDE ought to be able to offer to automatically apply the suggested fix.

Fix-it hints contain code fragments, and thus they should not be marked for translation.

Fix-it hints can be added to a diagnostic by using a `rich_location` rather than a `location_t` - the fix-it hints are added to the `rich_location` using one of the various `add_fixit` member functions of `rich_location`. They are documented with `rich_location` in `libcpp/line-map.h`. It's easiest to use the `gcc_rich_location` subclass of `rich_location` found in `gcc-rich-location.h`, as this implicitly supplies the `line_table` variable.

For example:

```
if (const char *suggestion = hint.suggestion ())
{
    gcc_rich_location richloc (location);
    richloc.add_fixit_replace (suggestion);
    error_at (&richloc,
              "%qE does not name a type; did you mean %qs?",
              id, suggestion);
}
```

which can lead to:

```
spellcheck-typenames.C:73:1: error: 'singed' does not name a type; did
you mean 'signed'?
73 | singed char ch;
   | ~~~~~
   | signed
```

Non-trivial edits can be built up by adding multiple fix-it hints to one `rich_location`. It's best to express the edits in terms of the locations of individual tokens. Various handy functions for adding fix-it hints for idiomatic C and C++ can be seen in `gcc-rich-location.h`.

#### 27.1.14.1 Fix-it hints should work

When implementing a fix-it hint, please verify that the suggested edit leads to fixed, compilable code. (Unfortunately, this currently must be done by hand using `-fdiagnostics-generate-patch`. It would be good to have an automated way of verifying that fix-it hints actually fix the code).

For example, a “gotcha” here is to forget to add a space when adding a missing reserved word. Consider a C++ fix-it hint that adds `typename` in front of a template declaration. A naive way to implement this might be:

```
gcc_rich_location richloc (loc);
// BAD: insertion is missing a trailing space
richloc.add_fixit_insert_before ("typename");
error_at (&richloc, "need %<typename%> before %<%T::%E%> because "
          "%qT is a dependent scope",
```

```
parser->scope, id, parser->scope);
```

When applied to the code, this might lead to:

```
T::type x;
```

being “corrected” to:

```
typenameT::type x;
```

In this case, the correct thing to do is to add a trailing space after `typename`:

```
gcc_rich_location richloc (loc);
// OK: note that here we have a trailing space
richloc.add_fixit_insert_before ("typename ");
error_at (&richloc, "need %<typename%> before %<%T::%E%> because "
            "%qT is a dependent scope",
            parser->scope, id, parser->scope);
```

leading to this corrected code:

```
typename T::type x;
```

### 27.1.14.2 Express deletion in terms of deletion, not replacement

It’s best to express deletion suggestions in terms of deletion fix-it hints, rather than replacement fix-it hints. For example, consider this:

```
auto_diagnostic_group d;
gcc_rich_location richloc (location_of (retval));
tree name = DECL_NAME (arg);
richloc.add_fixit_replace (IDENTIFIER_POINTER (name));
warning_at (&richloc, OPT_Wredundant_move,
            "redundant move in return statement");
```

which is intended to e.g. replace a `std::move` with the underlying value:

```
return std::move (retval);
~~~~~
retval
```

where the change has been expressed as replacement, replacing with the name of the declaration. This works for simple cases, but consider this case:

```
#ifdef SOME_CONFIG_FLAG
# define CONFIGURY_GLOBAL global_a
#else
# define CONFIGURY_GLOBAL global_b
#endif

int fn ()
{
    return std::move (CONFIGURY_GLOBAL /* some comment */);
}
```

The above implementation erroneously strips out the macro and the comment in the fix-it hint:

```
return std::move (CONFIGURY_GLOBAL /* some comment */);
~~~~~
global_a
```

and thus this resulting code:

```
return global_a;
```

It’s better to do deletions in terms of deletions; deleting the `std::move (` and the trailing close-paren, leading to this:

```
return std::move (CONFIGURY_GLOBAL /* some comment */);
```

```
~~~~~  
CONFIGURY_GLOBAL /* some comment */
```

and thus this result:

```
return CONFIGURY_GLOBAL /* some comment */;
```

Unfortunately, the pertinent `location_t` values are not always available.

### 27.1.14.3 Multiple suggestions

In the rare cases where you need to suggest more than one mutually exclusive solution to a problem, this can be done by emitting multiple notes and calling `rich_location::fixits_cannot_be_auto_applied` on each note's `rich_location`. If this is called, then the fix-it hints in the `rich_location` will be printed, but will not be added to generated patches.

## 27.2 Guidelines for Options



## Funding Free Software

If you want to have more free software a few years from now, it makes sense for you to help encourage people to contribute funds for its development. The most effective approach known is to encourage commercial redistributors to donate.

Users of free software systems can boost the pace of development by encouraging for-a-fee distributors to donate part of their selling price to free software developers—the Free Software Foundation, and others.

The way to convince distributors to do this is to demand it and expect it from them. So when you compare distributors, judge them partly by how much they give to free software development. Show distributors they must compete to be the one who gives the most.

To make this approach work, you must insist on numbers that you can compare, such as, “We will donate ten dollars to the Frobnitz project for each disk sold.” Don’t be satisfied with a vague promise, such as “A portion of the profits are donated,” since it doesn’t give a basis for comparison.

Even a precise fraction “of the profits from this disk” is not very meaningful, since creative accounting and unrelated business decisions can greatly alter what fraction of the sales price counts as profit. If the price you pay is \$50, ten percent of the profit is probably less than a dollar; it might be a few cents, or nothing at all.

Some redistributors do development work themselves. This is useful too; but to keep everyone honest, you need to inquire how much they do, and what kind. Some kinds of development make much more long-term difference than others. For example, maintaining a separate version of a program contributes very little; maintaining the standard version of a program for the whole community contributes much. Easy new ports contribute little, since someone else would surely do them; difficult ports such as adding a new CPU to the GNU Compiler Collection contribute more; major new features or packages contribute the most.

By establishing the idea that supporting further development is “the proper thing to do” when distributing free software for a fee, we can assure a steady flow of resources into making more free software.

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## The GNU Project and GNU/Linux

The GNU Project was launched in 1984 to develop a complete Unix-like operating system which is free software: the GNU system. (GNU is a recursive acronym for “GNU’s Not Unix”; it is pronounced “guh-NEW”.) Variants of the GNU operating system, which use the kernel Linux, are now widely used; though these systems are often referred to as “Linux”, they are more accurately called GNU/Linux systems.

For more information, see:

<https://www.gnu.org/>

<https://www.gnu.org/gnu/linux-and-gnu.html>



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## Option Index

GCC's command line options are indexed here without any initial '-' or '--'. Where an option has both positive and negative forms (such as `-foption` and `-fno-option`), relevant entries in the manual are indexed under the most appropriate form; it may sometimes be useful to look up both forms.

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